

## Appendix J

# Three-Phase Reconstruction Code GDTEIT.F

This Fortran 77 program by J. R. Torczynski uses results from the reconstruction codes GDTAXI and EITAXI to determine radial distributions in three-phase, solid-gas-liquid vertical column flows. The algorithm is discussed fully in Section 5.2. An example of the single input file follows.

gdteit\_inp.dat:

```

9.525      column inner radius,  $R_{col}$  (cm)
0.0001     gas phase gamma ray attenuation coefficient (1/cm)
0.0856     liquid phase gamma ray attenuation coefficient (1/cm)
0.0866     solid phase gamma ray attenuation coefficient (1/cm)
0.6        Maxwell-Hewitt coefficient,  $\alpha$  (unitless)
1.4        }  $C_0$ 
0.         }  $C_1$    Coefficients of conductivity profile from EITAXI (Eq. 3.8)
0.         }  $C_2$ 
4          degree  $n$  of polynomial fit in GDTAXI reconstruction
0.2        }  $C_0$ 
0.0        }  $C_2$    Coefficients of phase profile from GDTAXI
0.0        }  $C_4$ 

```

The polynomial phase profile from the code GDTAXI takes the form  $\varepsilon_L(r) = 1 - \sum_{\substack{i=0 \\ i \text{ even}}}^n C_i \left( \frac{r}{R_{col}} \right)^i$ .

```

c
c23456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012
c
c      program gdteit
c
c      Revision 19990420
c
c *** Uses results from gdtaxi and eitaxi
c      to determine three-phase material distribution.
c
c      implicit double precision (a-h,o-z)

```

```

c
  parameter (ngdtm=10)
  parameter (neitm=2)
  parameter (nr=50)
c
  dimension cgdt(0:ngdtm)
  dimension ceit(0:neitm)
  dimension eg(0:nr), el(0:nr), es(0:nr)
  dimension radnrm(0:nr)
  dimension raddim(0:nr)
  dimension cndnrm(0:nr)
  dimension gamnrm(0:nr)
c
1001 format (1x,d18.12)
1002 format (1x,i4)
1003 format (1x,i4,1x,d18.12)
1004 format (7(1x,d11.5))
2000 format (1x,a)
2001 format (1x,a12,d18.12)
2002 format (1x,a12,i4)
c
c *** Read physical parameters and profile coefficients.
c
  write (6,2000) 'Reading input parameters from gdteit_inp.dat'
  open (unit=21, status='old', file='gdteit_inp.dat')
  read (21,*) radius
  read (21,*) gamgas
  read (21,*) gamliq
  read (21,*) gamsol
  read (21,*) heweta
  neit = neitm
  do 0100 ieit = 0, neit, 1
    read (21,*) ceit(ieit)
0100  continue
  read (21,*) ngdt2
  ngdt = ngdt2 / 2
  do 0150 igdt = 0, ngdt, 1
    read (21,*) cgdt(igdt)
0150  continue
  close (unit=21)
  write (6,2001) ' radius = ', radius
  write (6,2001) ' gamgas = ', gamgas
  write (6,2001) ' gamliq = ', gamliq
  write (6,2001) ' gamsol = ', gamsol
  write (6,2001) ' heweta = ', heweta
  do 0200 ieit = 0, neit, 1
    write (6,2001) ' ceit(i)= ', ceit(ieit)
0200  continue
  write (6,2002) ' ngdt2 = ', ngdt2
  do 0250 igdt = 0, ngdt, 1
    write (6,2001) ' cgdt(i)= ', cgdt(igdt)
0250  continue
c
c *** Determine the gas, liquid, and solid volume fraction profiles.
c
  write (6,2000) 'Computing results'
  gampar = ((gamsol - gamgas) / (gamliq - gamgas)) - 1.
  do 0400 ir = 0, nr, 1
    rn = dfloat(ir) / dfloat(nr)
    radnrm(ir) = rn
    raddim(ir) = rn * radius
    cn = 1.
    cn = cn + ceit(1) * (2. * rn ** 2 - 1.)

```

```

cn = cn + ceit(2) * (1. - 6. * rn ** 2 + 6. * rn ** 4)
cn = cn / ceit(0)
cndnrm(ir) = cn
gn = cgdt(0)
do 0300 igdt = 1, ngdt, 1
    gn = gn + cgdt(igdt) * rn ** (2 * igdt)
0300    continue
gamnrm(ir) = gn
call phase3(heweta, cn, gampar, gn, eg0, el0, es0)
eg(ir) = eg0
el(ir) = el0
es(ir) = es0
0400    continue
c
c *** Determine the average volume fractions.
c
avgeg = radnrm(0) * eg(0) + radnrm(nr) * eg(nr)
avgel = radnrm(0) * el(0) + radnrm(nr) * el(nr)
avges = radnrm(0) * es(0) + radnrm(nr) * es(nr)
avgcnd = radnrm(0) * cndnrm(0) + radnrm(nr) * cndnrm(nr)
avggam = radnrm(0) * gamnrm(0) + radnrm(nr) * gamnrm(nr)
do 0500 ir = 1, nr-1, 2
    avgeg = avgeg + 4. * radnrm(ir) * eg(ir)
    avgel = avgel + 4. * radnrm(ir) * el(ir)
    avges = avges + 4. * radnrm(ir) * es(ir)
    avgcnd = avgcnd + 4. * radnrm(ir) * cndnrm(ir)
    avggam = avggam + 4. * radnrm(ir) * gamnrm(ir)
0500    continue
do 0550 ir = 2, nr-2, 2
    avgeg = avgeg + 2. * radnrm(ir) * eg(ir)
    avgel = avgel + 2. * radnrm(ir) * el(ir)
    avges = avges + 2. * radnrm(ir) * es(ir)
    avgcnd = avgcnd + 2. * radnrm(ir) * cndnrm(ir)
    avggam = avggam + 2. * radnrm(ir) * gamnrm(ir)
0550    continue
avgeg = avgeg * 2. / ( 3. * dfloat(nr) )
avgel = avgel * 2. / ( 3. * dfloat(nr) )
avges = avges * 2. / ( 3. * dfloat(nr) )
avgcnd = avgcnd * 2. / ( 3. * dfloat(nr) )
avggam = avggam * 2. / ( 3. * dfloat(nr) )
write (6,2001) ' avgeg = ', avgeg
write (6,2001) ' avgel = ', avgel
write (6,2001) ' avges = ', avges
write (6,2001) ' avgcnd = ', avgcnd
write (6,2001) ' avggam = ', avggam
c
c *** Write profile file.
c
write (6,2000) 'Writing profiles to gdteit_gls.dat'
open (unit=28, status='unknown', file='gdteit_gls.dat')
do 0700 ir = nr, 1, -1
    write (28,1004) -radnrm(ir), -raddim(ir),
1        eg(ir), el(ir), es(ir), cndnrm(ir), gamnrm(ir)
0700    continue
do 0750 ir = 0, nr, 1
    write (28,1004) radnrm(ir), raddim(ir),
1        eg(ir), el(ir), es(ir), cndnrm(ir), gamnrm(ir)
0750    continue
c
c *** Write output file.
c
write (6,2000) 'Writing output parameters to gdteit_out.dat'
open (unit=29, status='unknown', file='gdteit_out.dat')

```

```

        write (29,1001) radius
        write (29,1001) gamgas
        write (29,1001) gamliq
        write (29,1001) gamsol
        write (29,1001) heweta
        do 0800 ieit = 0, neit, 1
            write (29,1001) ceit(ieit)
0800    continue
        write (29,1002) ngdt2
        do 0850 igdt = 0, ngdt, 1
            write (29,1001) cgdt(igdt)
0850    continue
        write (29,1001) avgeg
        write (29,1001) avgel
        write (29,1001) avges
        write (29,1001) avgcnd
        write (29,1001) avggam
        close (unit=29)
c
c *** Stop, end.
c
        stop 'gdteit'
        end
c
c23456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012
c
        subroutine phase3(heweta, cn, gampar, gn, eg0, el0, es0)
c
c *** Solves three simultaneous equations
c (phases sum to unity, gdt, eit) analytically
c for gas, liquid, solid volume fractions.
c Uses modified Maxwell-Hewitt relation: (1-x)/(1+a*x)
c Uses this relation recursively for solid-liquid, gas-solliqmix.
c
        implicit double precision (a-h,o-z)
c
        a = heweta
        b = gn
        c = gampar
        d = cn
c
        aa = 1. + c - a * a * d + a * c * d
        bb = a * a * b * d + c * d - (1. + b + 2. * c + a * d + a * c * d)
        cc = b + c + a * b * d - c * d
c
        eg0 = - ( bb + sqrt(bb * bb - 4. * aa * cc) ) / ( 2. * aa )
        tmp = ( 1. - eg0 ) / ( 1. + a * eg0 )
        tmp = d / tmp
        tmp = ( 1. - tmp ) / ( 1. + a * tmp )
        es0 = ( 1. - eg0 ) * tmp
        el0 = 1. - eg0 - es0
c
        return
        end
c
c23456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012
c

```