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Calculation of the Rate Constant.

Henry's Constant: (Neretloff et al., 1985)

For H_{N_2} ,
$$H_{N_2} = 6.952 \cdot e^{555.1/T} \left(\frac{\text{MPa} \cdot \text{dm}^3}{\text{mol}} \right)$$

when T is in K

$$T = 256^\circ\text{C} = 538.15 \text{ K}$$

$$H_{N_2} = 19.508 \left(\frac{\text{MPa} \cdot \text{dm}^3}{\text{mol}} \right)$$

Const.

From the plot. Let $f(x_{N_2}) = Y$ dimensionless
 $\frac{1}{Q}$ = X $\left(\frac{\text{hr} \cdot \text{gFR}}{\text{nl}} \right)$

$$Y = \text{Const.} \cdot X$$

Take two points: $(X, Y) = (0.833, 1.55), (0.2, 0.2)$

$$\text{Const.} = \frac{\Delta Y}{\Delta X} = \frac{1.55 - 0.2}{0.833 - 0.2} = 1.817$$

$$\text{Const.} = 1.817 \left(\frac{\text{nl}}{\text{hr} \cdot \text{gFR}} \right)$$

(2)

- Note the volume used is "nl" — liter at normal condition.
It needs to be converted to the volume at Rx condition:

	P	T
(a) Normal Cond.	1 atm = 14.696 psia	20°C = 293.15 K
(b) Rx. Cond.	290 psig = 304.696 psia	265°C = 538.15 K

By $PV = nRT$

$$\frac{P_0 V_0}{P_0 V_0} = \frac{T_0}{T_0}$$

$$\therefore V_0 = \frac{P_0}{P_0} \frac{T_0}{T_0} V_0$$

$$= \frac{14.696}{304.696} \frac{538.15}{293.15} V_0 = 0.0285 V_0$$

$$\therefore \text{Const.} = 1.817 \times 0.0285 \left(\frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{hr} \cdot \text{g Fe}} \right)$$

$$\boxed{\text{Const.} = 0.161 \left(\frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{hr} \cdot \text{g Fe}} \right)}$$

• Rate Constant k

$$f(x_{H_2}) = \text{Const.} \times \left(\frac{1}{Q} \right)$$

$$\text{Const.} = \frac{k RT}{H_{H_2} (1+U)}$$

$$\therefore k = \text{Const.} \times \frac{H_{H_2} (1+U)}{RT}$$

$$U = 0.578 \quad R = 8.314 \left(\frac{J}{\text{mol K}} \right)$$

$$k = 0.161 \left(\frac{l}{\text{hr gFe}} \right) \times \frac{19.508 \left(\frac{\text{MPa dm}^3}{\text{mol}} \right) (1+0.578)}{8.314 \left(\frac{J}{\text{mol K}} \right) \times 538.15 \text{ (K)}}$$

$$= 1.916 \times 10^{-3} \left(\frac{J \text{ MPa dm}^3}{\text{hr gFe J}} \right)$$

$$\text{Note: } \text{MPa} \cdot \text{dm}^3 = 10^6 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} \cdot 10^{-3} \text{m}^3 \\ = 10^3 \text{ Nm} = 10^3 \text{ J}$$

$$\therefore k = 1.916 \times 10^{-3} \frac{10^3 \text{ J} \cdot l}{\text{hr gFe J}} = 1.916 \frac{l}{\text{hr gFe}}$$

$$\text{or } k = 0.532 \left(\frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{s} \cdot \text{gFe}} \right)$$

Comparison with Data in Literatures

If ignores the effect of CO₂, the data by Ledakowicz et al.

(1985) gives:

T (K)	(°C)
493	220
513	240
523	250
533	260

UCP data:
 538 265

k (cm ³ / (s.g cat.))
0.161
0.428
0.836
0.965

1.3% K. in Cat.

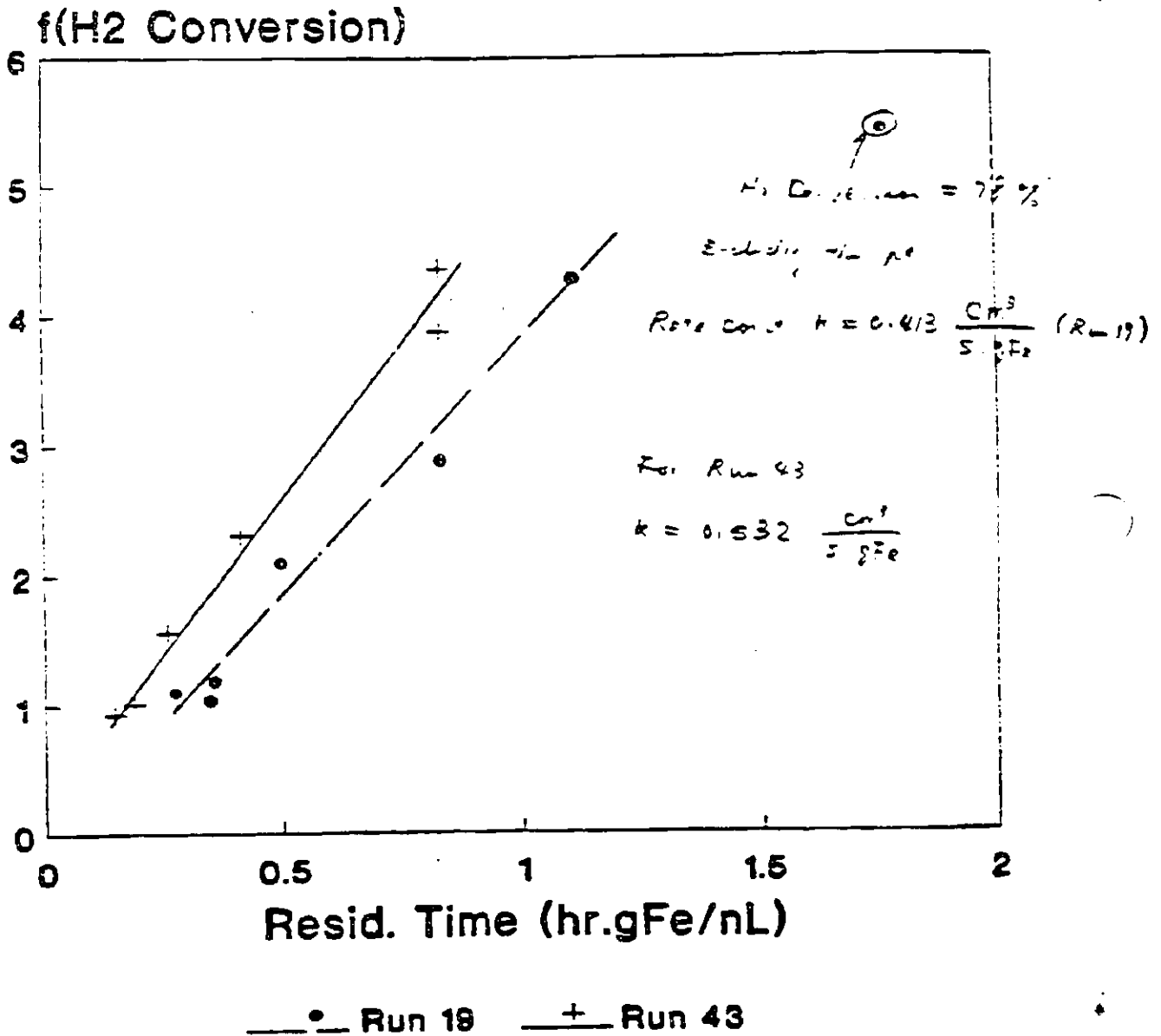
0.532
 (cm³ / (s.g cat.))

do not change
our method of
calc.

Red Cat. 7
 just compare
 Ledakowicz
 with our
 data

CSTR MODEL: PLANT 700B TESTS

f(H₂ Conv.) vs. Residence Time



265 C, Alpha = -0.5

Page 15

	Seed Rate (L/ha)	Yield (t/ha)	$f(x_{ij})$	Seed Rate (L/ha) (x_{ij})	$1/x_{ij}$
1.	0.50	12.51	76.2	5.415	0.185
2.	0.55	11.82	73.2	5.285	0.191
3.	0.60	9.77	61	2.878	1.20
4.	0.65	7.13	53	2.093	2.0
5.	0.70	3.72	32	1.197	2.5
6.	0.75	3.62	30	1.263	2.5
7.	0.80	2.91	24	1.042	2.60

	Seed Rate (L/ha)	Yield (t/ha)	Seed Rate (L/ha) (x_{ij})	$1/x_{ij}$
	70	3.870	1.2	2.5
	75	4.36	1.2	2.5
	80	2.51	2.4	2.5
	85	1.56	3.8	2.5
	90	1.01	5.2	2.5
	95	0.93	6.7	2.5

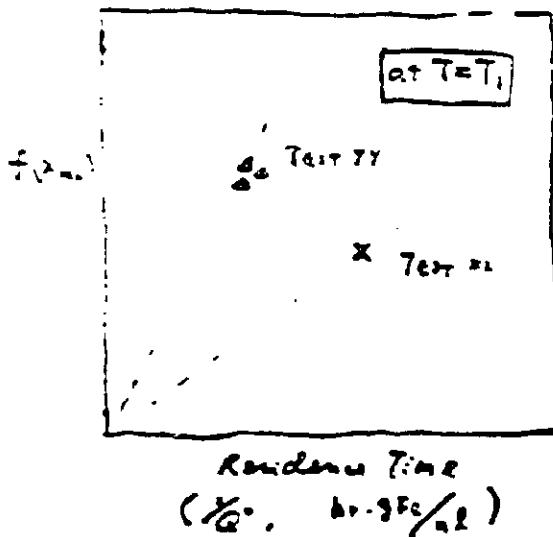
About a single test or a few tests at similar conditions:

(A) Rate Constant

If we assume:

- 1st order reaction (w.r.t. H_2)
- Conversions $\rightarrow 0$ as feed rate $\rightarrow \infty$

Then, a single test can be used in conjunction with the CSTR model to find the rate constant:



$$f(x_{H_2}) = \frac{kRT}{H_{H_2} Q}$$

⑤ Activation Energy:

Rate constant is usually expressed as a function of T :

$$k = a e^{-\frac{b}{RT}}$$

where b is called activation energy.

Then CSTR Model gives

$$f(X_{n1}) = \frac{a e^{-\frac{b}{RT}} RT}{a_1 e^{\frac{b}{T}} \dot{Q}^0} = (\bar{A} e^{-\frac{\bar{B}}{T}}) \frac{T}{\dot{Q}^0}$$

$$\ln[f(X_{n1}) \dot{Q}^0] = \ln \bar{A} + \ln T - \frac{\bar{B}}{T}$$

At least, two tests are needed at two different T 's to get the two unknowns \bar{A} & \bar{B} .

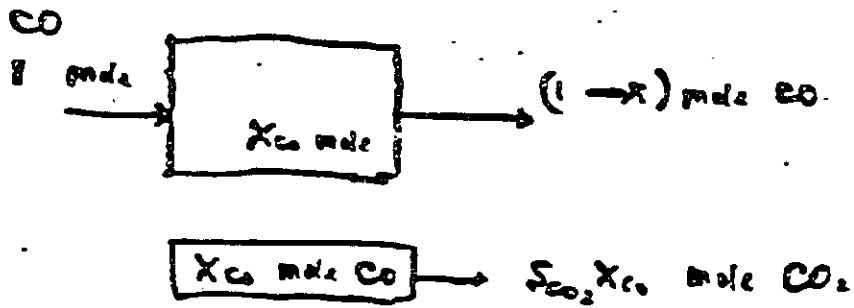
From ① & ②:

To find	Minimum # of Tests:
k	1.
Activation Energy	2 at different T 's

2/20/92

Estimation of C_{CO_2}/C_{CO}

Plant 700B Run 43



S_{CO_2} CO_2 selectivity
 X_{CO} CO conversion

In this Run 43. $S_{CO_2} \approx 0.95$ (± 0.025)
 $X_{CO} = 0.2 \sim 0.85$

\therefore In the out flow. (product)

$$\frac{y_{CO_2}}{y_{CO}} = \frac{X_{CO} \cdot S_{CO_2}}{1 - X_{CO}} = \frac{0.17 \sim 0.38}{0.8 \sim 0.15} = 0.11 \sim 2.53$$

Henry's Constant

By Nettekoff et al (1985).

$$H_{e,i} = \frac{P_i}{C_i}$$

we are pushing
 less CO_2 than fly ash
 at less CO_2 might near
 less CO_2 interface means
 why we get it.
 less

Partial
 Pressure
 Molar Ratio

2/20/92 - (12)

For CO. $H_{CO} = 9.152 e^{238/T} \left(\frac{MPa \cdot l}{mol} \right)$

in work

in our case $T = 265^\circ C = 538 K$

$H_{CO} = 9.152 e^{238/538} = 14.51 \left(\frac{MPa \cdot l}{mol} \right)$

For CO₂. $H_{CO_2} = 22.64 e^{-\frac{624.7}{T}} \left(\frac{MPa \cdot l}{mol} \right)$

in work

in our case $H_{CO_2} = 22.64 e^{-\frac{624.7}{538}} = 7.72 \left(\frac{MPa \cdot l}{mol} \right)$

$$\frac{C_{CO}}{C_{CO_2}} = \frac{P_{CO}/H_{CO}}{P_{CO_2}/H_{CO_2}} = \frac{P_{CO}}{P_{CO_2}} \frac{H_{CO_2}}{H_{CO}} = \frac{y_{CO}}{y_{CO_2}} \frac{H_{CO_2}}{H_{CO}}$$

$\therefore \frac{C_{CO}}{C_{CO_2}} = (0.11 \sim 2.55) \frac{14.51}{7.72} = 0.21 \sim 4.76$



Ledakowicz et al's case.

$T = 260^\circ C$

$\frac{y_{CO}}{y_{CO_2}} = 0.78 \sim 4.21$ (from Table 2)

$\frac{C_{CO}}{C_{CO_2}} = 1.5 \sim 8.6$ (from Fig. 2)

$\therefore \frac{H_{CO}}{H_{CO_2}} = \frac{C_{CO}/C_{CO_2}}{y_{CO}/y_{CO_2}} = \frac{1.5 \sim 8.6}{0.78 \sim 4.21} = 1.9$

Very close to $\frac{H_{CO}}{H_{CO_2}}$ value used in our case

2/25/92 - (3)

Rate constant from Ledakowicz et al.

$$-r_{\text{CO}+\text{H}_2} = k \frac{C_{\text{H}_2}}{1 + 0.115 \frac{C_{\text{CO}_2}}{C_{\text{CO}}}}$$

Compared with 1st order case

$$-r_{\text{CO}+\text{H}_2} = b_1 C_{\text{H}_2}$$

We can define an "equivalent rate constant" k_{eq}

$$k_{\text{eq}} \equiv \frac{k}{1 + 0.115 \frac{C_{\text{CO}_2}}{C_{\text{CO}}}}$$

They gave:

$$k_{\text{eq}} = \frac{1.2 \times 10^{10} e^{-\frac{12907}{T}}}{1 + 0.115 \frac{C_{\text{CO}_2}}{C_{\text{CO}}}}$$

In our case, $T = 538 \text{ K}$. $\frac{C_{\text{CO}_2}}{C_{\text{CO}}} = 0.21 \sim 2.176$ then

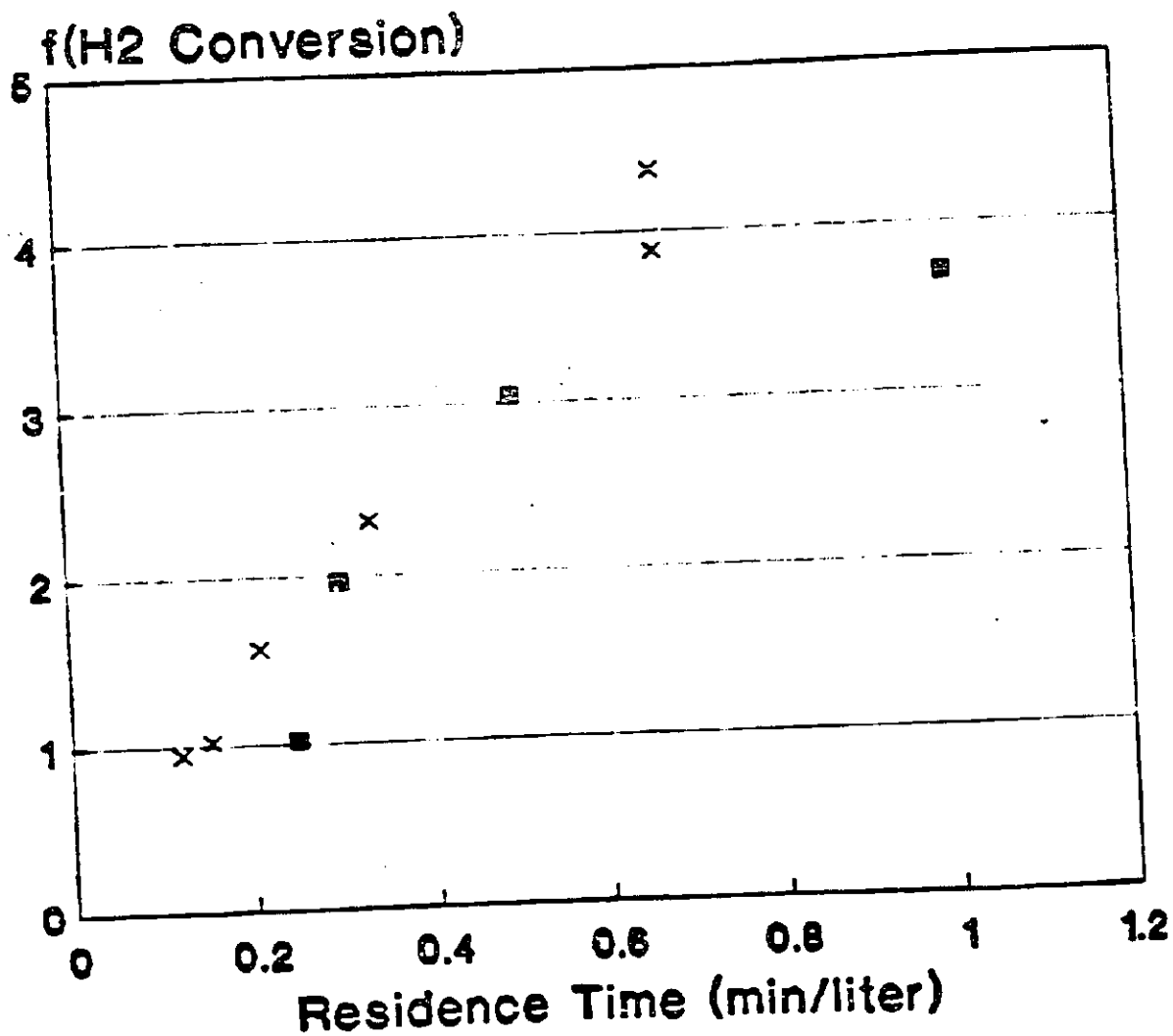
this gives:

$$k_{\text{eq}} = 0.87 \sim 1.32$$

ours: $b_1 = 0.532$

F-T CSTR MODEL TEST

f(H₂ Conv.) vs. Residence Time



■ Ref. Data (260 C) × UOP Run 43 (265 C)

Reference data taken from Ledakowicz
et al. (1985)

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