### SECTION 7

PRODUCTS: MARKETABILITY AND CHARACTERISTICS

The products produced in the POGO conceptual plant are finished premium quality products similar to their counterparts derived from crude oil sources. Judgements regarding product marketability are presented in subsection 7.1, and detailed forecasts of the product characteristics to support the marketability judgements are given in subsection 7.2.

### 7.1 PRODUCT MARKETABILITY

The products described in this section are similar to petroleum products presently marketed in the U.S. In all cases, the products are considered interchangeable with similar products now being marketed. The following products will be discussed:

- SNG
- Propane
- Butane
- Gasoline
- Fuel Oil
- Crystalline Coke
- Byproducts
  - Sulfur
  - Anhydrous Ammonia

## 7.1.1 SNG (SUBSTITUTE NATURAL GAS)

This product would be sold as pipeline gas for both industrial and residential use. Higher heating value, lifting index, flashback index, and yellow-tip index all fall within the limits of currently used pipeline gases.

## 7.1.2 PROPANE AND BUTANE LPG

These products would be marketed in the LPG field. Other alternatives include marketing as ethylene feed stock.

### 7.1.3 GASOLINE

The gasoline produced is satisfactory for gasoline pool usage. It meets "no lead" standards, can be sold for upgrading regular gasolines, and with a minimal addition of additives, as "high test" gasoline.

### 7.1.4 FUEL OIL

This is a diesel weight oil. Since the ash content will probably exceed 0.01%, it would be marketed as boiler fuel and possibly as No. 4 economy RR diesel fuel. Because of its very low sulfur content and high heating value, it would be expected to command a premium price as blending stock for No. 6 residual fuel oil.

## 7.1.5 CRYSTALLINE COKE

This product is "needle coke," electrode-grade crystalline carbon, expected to equal or better petroleum-derived coke having superb crystalline structures. Currently, this product is in short supply.

#### 7.1.6 BYPRODUCTS

The elemental sulfur and anhydrous ammonia produced are commercial specification products. As such, they are readily marketable.

### 7.1.7 SUMMARY

The results of our current analysis indicate that the POGO products can be marketed.

## 7.2 PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS FORECAST

The characteristics forecast for each product follow:

# 7.2.1 SNG (SUBSTITUTE NATURAL GAS)

## Composition, Dry

Component,	<u>Vol. %</u>
Methane Ethylene Ethane Propylene Propane Nitrogen Hydrogen Carbon Monoxide Carbon Dioxide	66.50 2.08 15.58 0.10 0.73 4.52 7.29 Trace 3.20
	100.00

Higher Heating Value, B	tu/scf 1,031
B·	tu/1b 20,462
Lifting Index	0.99
Flashback Index	1.14
Yellow-Tip Index	0.95
Hydrocarbon Dew Point.	°F -36 @ 1000 nsig

Hydrocarbon Dew Point, F -36 @ 1000 psig

Water Dew Point, °F 10 @ 1000 psig

# 7.2.2 PROPANE AND BUTANE LPG

# Composition, Mol. %

Component	Propane	Butane
Ethylene	0.06	
Ethane	3.72	Trace
Propylene	6.71	0.07
Propane	87.97	15.00
Butylene	0.26	€.73
Butane	1.28	76.98
Pentane and Higher	-	1.22
Sulfur	NIL	NIL
Sp. gr. @ 60°F, Liquid	0.505	0.577
Vapor Pressure @ 100°F, psig	196	58
Butane and Heavier, wt. %	<2.5	-
Pentane and Heavier, wt. %	_	<2.0
Moisture Content	Pass	Pass
Corrosion, Copper Strip	No. 1	No. 1
Higher Heating Value, Btu/lb	21,628	21,306

## 7.2.3 POOL GASOLINE

# Distillation

<u>Vol.%</u>	Temp. °F
10 50 90	125 287 379
RVP, psi	10.
RON	93.4
Olefin, Mol. %	3.5
Higher Heating Value, Btu/lb	20,268

## 7.2.4 FUEL OIL

# Distillation

<u>Vol. %</u>	Temp. °F
IBP 50 90 EP	394 500 590 655
Flash Point PMCC, °F	170
Sulfur, wt. % Nitrogen, wt. % Ash, wt. %	0:04 0.39 <0.10
Higher Heating Value, Btu/lb	19,420
Viscosity, cs @ 122°F (SSU)	2. (33)
Gravîty, °API	19.5
7.2.5 CRYSTALLINE COKE	
Moisture, % Sulfur, % Ash, % Real Density, gm/cc Specific Resistivity, OHMS-inch Higher Heating Value, Btu/lb	0.10 0.08 0.05 1.96 0.035 14,433

# 7.2.6 BYPRODUCTS

# Sulfur

Sulfur, wt. % 99.8 min
Ash, wt. % 0.05 max
Color Bright Yellow (Combined Products)
Higher Heating Value, Btu/lb 3,990.

# Ammonia

Ammonia Content	99.99 wt. %
Color	Colorless
Water	100 ppm, max
0ils	2 ppm
Carbon Dioxide	3 ppm
Hydrogen Sulfide	Nondetectable
Chlorine	2 ppm
Iron Carbonyl	3 ppm
Noncondensables	0.1 cc/g
Higher Heating Value, Btu/lb	9,670.