AU-A-26965/88

ESSO 18.12.87 H(2-A1, 4-B3, 4-E, 4-E8, 4-F2B, 4-F2E) N(1-C2, 2, 4-D1)

18.12.87-US-135011 (23.05.89) C10g-73/38 Pumpable syncrude prodn. from Fischer-Tropsch wax - by fractionation to separate oxygenated cpds., hydroisomerising and hydrocracking residue over fluorided Gp-VIII metal-onconventional tankers without special facilities to maintain the C89-078545 lio. state. Prodn. of a pumpable syncrude from a Fischer-Tropsch wax contg. oxygenate cpds. comprises: (1) separating the wax into (a) a low-boiling fraction contg. most of the oxygenate cpds. and (b) a high-boiling fraction free of water and oxygenate cpds.; (2) reacting fraction (b) with H2 under hydroisomerisation mild hydrocracking conditions in the presence of a fluorided Gp. VIII metal-on-alumina catalyst to produce a C5+ hydrocarbon prod. and middle distillate fraction and a residual fraction which has an (3) combining this prod. with fraction (a) from (1) to give a pumpable, refinery processable syncrude that can be

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USE/ADVANTAGE The syncrude can be further processed to produce middle distillate fuels, including jet and diesel fuels, lighter prods. including a gasoline fraction, and a residue which may be

further processed to middle distillate and lighter prods. or

89-177824/24

alumina, etc.

EXXON RES & ENG CO

HO1

transported at atmospheric conditions.

to make lubricating oils. Fractionation in (1) prevents the oxygenate cpds. from adversely affecting the performance of the hydroisomerisation/ hydrocracking catalyst. The syncrude can be transported in

PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The Gp. VIII metal is Pt. the catalyst pref. comprising 0.1

-2% Pt and 2-10% fluoride and the high-boiling fraction has an

initial b.pt. of 450-650, esp. 500-600°F.

a gasoline fraction, and a residual prod.

(9pp1762CGDwgNo0/2).

Esp. the catalyst has a fluor de concn. < 2.0 wt. % at the outer

surface to a depth < 1/100 inch, and contains 0.3 - 0.6% Pt and 5.8% fluoride, based on total wt. of catalyst compsn. Pref. the syncrude is fractionated to produce at least a

initial b.pt. of 650-750°F, and the residual fraction is reacted with H, in a second hydroisomerisation/hydrocracking zone in presence of a Gp. VIII metal (pref. Pt)-on-alumina catalyst to produce a middle distillate fuel prod., lighter prods, including

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