#### 1993 WINDSOR WORKSHOP ON ALTERNATIVE FUELS

#### DDC ALTERNATIVE FUEL PRODUCT EXPERIENCE AND FURTHER DEVELOPMENT

S.P. Miller Detroit Diesel Corporation

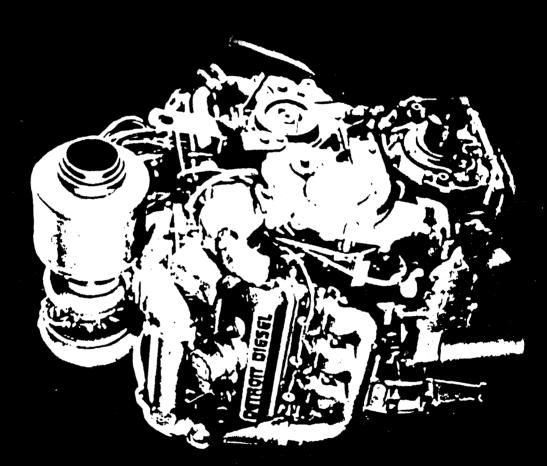
#### **DDC ALTERNATE FUEL ENGINES**

#### **IN SERVICE**

|              | <b>METHANOL</b> | <b>ETHANOL</b> | CNG | <b>LNG</b> |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------|-----|------------|
| TRUCKS       | 7               | 5              | 2   | 0          |
| BUSES        | 454             | 21             | 38  | 15 ro      |
|              | DELIVE          | RIES IN P      | ROC | <b>ESS</b> |
| TRUCKS       | 0               | 4              | 2   | 0          |
| <b>BUSES</b> | 108             | 3              | 16  | 180        |







# 6V-92TA ALCOHOL FUELED ENGINE

#### METHANOL ENGINE EMISSIONS

|  | G/HP-HR |      |     |      |
|--|---------|------|-----|------|
|  | HC      | CO   | NOx | PM   |
| 1998 TRUCK STANDARDS                     | 1.3     | 15.5 | 4.0 | 0.10 |
| METHANOL ENGINE<br>CERTIFICATION RESULTS | 0.08    | 2.0  | 1.7 | 0.03 |



#### METHANOL ENGINE DATA

BUSES

**TRUCKS** 

**NUMBER OF UNITS** 

454

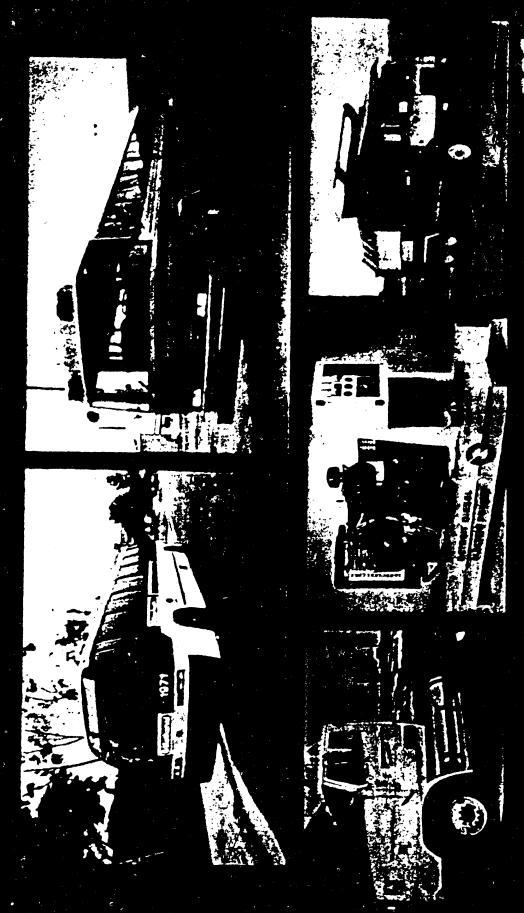
**TOTAL MILES** 

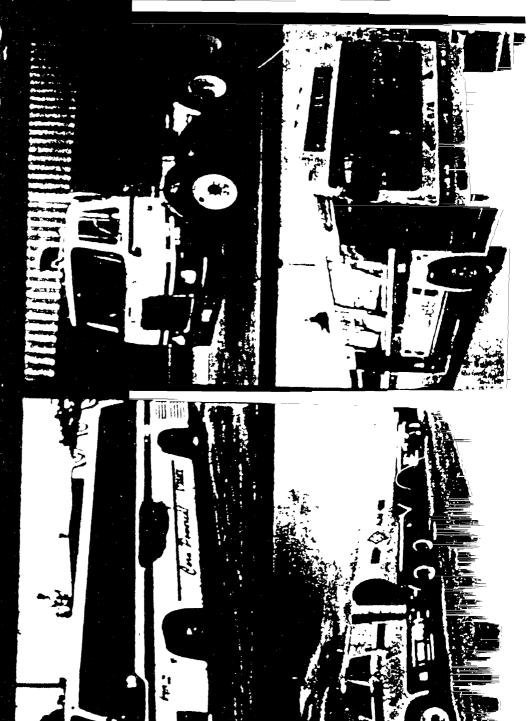
>10 MILLION >250,000

**ENERGY CONSUMPTION RATIO** 1.03 - 1.30 1.0 - 1.20 (METHANOL : DIESEL)

TANK VOLUME VS. DIESEL FOR EQUAL

RANGE: 2.3 - 2.7 × GREATER





#### **ETHANOL ENGINE EMISSIONS**

|   | G/HP-HR |      |     |      |
|---|---------|------|-----|------|
|   | НС      | CO   | NOx | PM   |
| 1998 TRUCK STD.                         | 1.3     | 15.5 | 4.0 | 0.10 |
| ETHANOL ENGINE<br>CERTIFICATION RESULTS | 0.7     | 1.7  | 4.2 | 0.04 |
| ETHANOL ENGINE<br>DEVELOPMENT RESULTS   | 0.3     | 1.7  | 3.7 | 0.04 |



#### **ETHANOL ENGINE DATA**

|  | BUSES     | <b>TRUCKS</b> |
|--|-----------|---------------|
| NUMBER OF UNITS                            | 21        | 5             |
| TOTAL MILES                                | 400,000   | 430,000       |
| ENERGY CONSUMPTION RATIO (ETHANOL: DIESEL) | 1.0 - 1.1 | 1.0 - 1.1     |

TANK VOLUME VS. DIESEL FOR EQUAL RANGE: 1.7 - 1.9 × GREATER



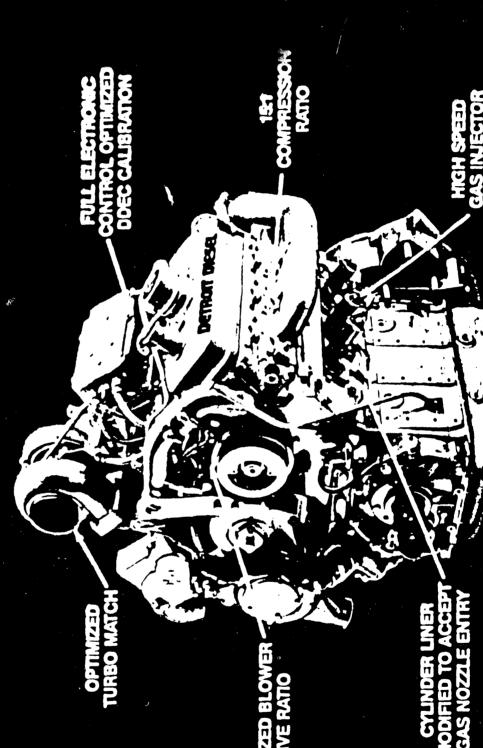
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## DETROIT DIESEL CORPORATION NATURAL GAS ENGINE PROGRAM

- **PILOT IGNITION 6V-92TA**
- DIRECT INJECTION 6V-92TA
- SPARK IGNITION S-50
- **SPARK IGNITION S-30**



# NATURAL GAS BUS ENGINE



# PILOT IGNITION NATURAL GAS ENGINE EMISSIONS DEVELOPMENT RESULTS

|               | G/HP-HR |      |     |      |
|---------------|---------|------|-----|------|
|               | HC      | CO   | NOx | PM   |
| 1994 BUS STD. | 1.3     | 15.5 | 5.0 | .07  |
| PI-NG ENGINE  | 0.9     | 0.3  | 4.8 | 0.07 |



#### PILOT IGNITION NATURAL GAS ENGINE

|  | BUSES       | TRUCKS |
|--|-------------|--------|
| NUMBER OF UNITS                                | 108         | 2      |
| TOTAL MILES                                    | 1.5 MILLION | 60,000 |
| ENERGY CONSUMPTION RATIO (NATURAL GAS: DIESEL) | 1.05        | 1.05   |

TANK VOLUME VS. DIESEL FOR EQUAL RANGE:

CNG - 4.7 × GREATER LNG - 1.7 × GREATER



7

#### **DURABILITY EXPERIENCE**

METHANOL ETHANOL

NATURAL GAS

**MAXIMUM MILES ON ROAD** 

185,000 112,000

83,000

TEARDOWN INSPECTION @ 100,000 MILES

YES

**METHANOL TEARDOWN RESULTS** 

RING & LINER WEAR EQUAL TO DIESEL

**ALTERNATE FUEL** 

**BEARING WEAR SLIGHTLY HIGHER THAN DIESEL** 

DDC

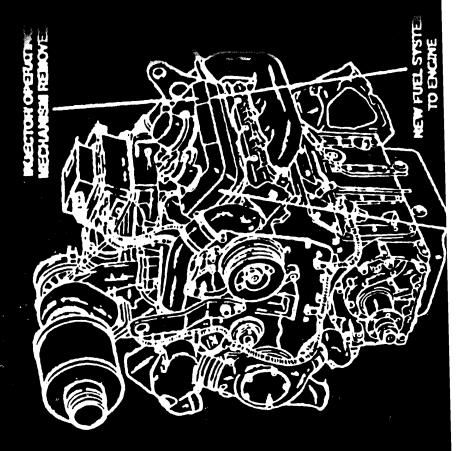
13(

HAPDWARE CHANGES WE DIESEL

MECTOR OPERATION CONTROLS (DDEC CONTROL SPECIAL VALVE SEAT MATERIAL DETAILER (DDEC CONTROL) FATO PETO

# DIRECT INJECTION NATURAL GAS BUS ENGINE

RDWARE CHANGES VE METHANOL.



#### DIRECT INJECTION NATURAL GAS ENGINE EMISSIONS

|                           | G/HP-HR |      |     |      |
|---------------------------|---------|------|-----|------|
|                           | НС      | CO   | NOx | PM   |
| 1994 STANDARD             | 1.3     | 15.5 | 5.0 | 0.10 |
| 1998 STANDARD             | 1.3     | 15.5 | 4.0 | 0.10 |
| DI-NG EMISSION<br>TARGETS | 0.6     | 2.0  | 2.5 | 0.05 |



#### **FAMILY OF SI-NG ENGINES**

| MODEL<br>S-30G<br>(NAVISTAR V8) | (LITERS) 7.3 | <u>HP RANGE</u><br>200-250 | EPA CLASS LIGHT-HEAVY |
|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| S-40G<br>(NAVISTAR I-6)         | 8.7          | 250-300                    | MEDIUM-HEAVY          |
| S-50G                           | 8.5          | 250-300                    | HEAVY-HEAVY           |
| S-60G                           | 12.7         | 300-400                    | HEAVY-HEAVY           |



134

#### **GENERAL SI-NG ENGINE FEATURES**

- **LEAN BURN COMBUSTION TECHNOLOGY**
- COMPRESSION RATIO 10:1
- AIR-TO-AIR CHARGE COOLING
- **TURBOCHARGED WITH WASTEGATE CONTROL**
- **ELECTRONIC IGNITION, INJECTION AND THROTTLE CONTROLLED THROUGH DDEC**
- FULL DDEC CAPABILITIES



#### **DEVELOPMENT STATUS**

#### <u>S-50G</u>

- **\* LEAD DEVELOPMENT ENGINE IN FAMILY**
- **\* IMPRESSIVE EFFICIENCY, KNOCK-FREE PERFORMANCE**AT HIGH POWER DENSITY DEMONSTRATED
- \* FIRST ENGINE DELIVERED FOR CUSTOMER DEMO APRIL 9, 1993
- \* TARGETED START OF FULL PRODUCTION APRIL 1, 1994

#### **S-30G**

- **\* AGREEMENT SIGNED WITH NAVISTAR FOR DEVELOPMENT, PRODUCTION & MARKETING OF THIS ENGINE**
- **BASELINE DEVELOPMENT DONE AT RICARDO**
- \* TEST SCHOOL BUS INSTALLATION COMPLETED IN JUNE, 1992
- \* TARGETED START OF FULL PRODUCTION JANUARY 1, 1995



#### **4-71T METHANOL ENGINE**

- **PROGRAM FUNDED BY THE SCAQMD**
- **USES METHANOL + AVOCET IGNITION IMPROVER**
- BASED ON LAC-MTA 6V-92 M + A EXPERIENCE
- \* COMPONENT CHANGES TO MINIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF AVOCET REQUIRED
  - 23:1 COMPRESSION RATIO
  - LOWER DISPLACEMENT BLOWER
- # HIGH OUTPUT MUI INJECTORS DELIVER 160 HP
- **APPLICATIONS TO DATE** 
  - GENERATOR SET
  - AIRPORT SHUTTLE BUS
- \* FOLLOW ON PROGRAM UNDERWAY TO DEVELOP DDEC VERSION @ 200 HP FOR PORT OF LONG BEACH YARD TRACTORS

#### **8V-92TA ETHANOL TRUCK ENGINE**

- DEVELOPMENT-ONLY PROGRAM FUNDED BY THE GREAT LAKES GOVERNORS COUNCIL
- BASED ON THE 6V-92TA ETHANOL ENGINE (USES THE SAME PISTONS, INJECTORS, GLOW PLUG CONTROLLERS, ETC.)
- USES CYLINDER HEADS & BYPASS BLOWER FROM HIGH OUTPUT MILITARY DIESEL ENGINE
- STATUS CONTRACT AWARDED IN MAY, ACTIVITY JUST BEGINNING



#### SUMMARY OF VERBAL COMMENTS OR QUESTIONS AND SPEAKER RESPONSES

#### DDC ALTERNATIVE FUEL PRODUCT EXPERIENCE AND FURTHER DEVELOPMENT S.P. Miller, Detroit Diesel Corporation

- Q. Robert Last, FEV of America: Could you comment on maximum thermal efficiency observed? Also, how does thermal efficiency change at part load operation compared to a conventional diesel engine?
- A. The peak thermal efficiency was about 30 to 40 percent which is slightly less than the diesel at full load. However, as load decreases, the thermal efficiency of the gas engine is slightly better than the diesel engine.
- Q. Ron Bright, Ford Motor Co. Canada: Is your work with liquefied natural gas related to the availability of fuel in Texas?
- A. The main factor is that Houston Metro has selected LNG as a test fuel with potential for being used for their entire fleet. They have arranged for a fuel supply near Houston. Our work is being done to respond to a customer request.
- Q. Joseph Wagner, NYSERDA: What is the commercial potential for the direct injection engine?
- A. We need to demonstrate reliability of the engine. We would expect this technology to be used in off-highway applications of the larger engines.
- Q. What about transit bus applications?
- A. We will have competing technologies for awhile and the outcome depends on a lot of things such as engine cost and fuel efficiency.
- Q. Anonymous: Are you testing vegetable oils or bio-diesel fuels?
- A. Yes, we are working with esterified vegetable oil as possible blending agents. They add oxygen to the diesel fuel to reduce particulates in the exhaust. They may also increase the NOx emissions although injection timing adjustment can compensate for that effect. We have also tested bio-diesel as pilot fuel for ignition of natural gas.
- Q. Mostafa Kamel, Cummins Engine Co.: Could you comment on pressure levels for LNG injection?
- A. There are a couple of candidate fuel systems being developed, tentatively with 50 to 70 psi pressure range.

#### 1993 WINDSOR WORKSHOP ON ALTERNATIVE FUELS

#### DEDICATED NATURAL GAS ENGINES FOR ON-HIGHWAY APPLICATIONS "THE NATURAL CHOICE"

K. Boyer Hercules Engine Company

#### NOVEMBER 25, 1992

HERCULES ENGINES, INC.

TO

HERCULES ENGINE COMPANY

- ■Located in Canton, Ohio
- Founded in 1915
- Manufacturers of Diesel, Gasoline, LPG and Natural Gas engines
- After sale support provided by a Distributor -Dealer network in the United States and Canada.
- Hercules' engines can be found in a number of industrial and On-highway applications

#### HERCULES ENGINE COMPANY "THE NATURAL CHOICE"

#### **ENGINE MODEL GTA 5.6**

- Dedicated natural gas engine
- 5.6 liter (339 cubic inch) displacement
- 6 cylinder, in-line configuration
- Turbocharged and aftercooled (air to air)
- 190 horsepower at 2800 rpm
- 460 lbs./ft. of torque at 1500 rpm

"THE NATURAL CHOICE"

#### ENGINE DEVELOPMENT BACKGROUND - GTA 5.6

■ STARTED IN 1989 WITH G.R.I. CO-FUNDING

#### ■ PROJECT OBJECTIVES

- Similar power rating to current diesel rating
- Low emissions
- Engine component commonality

A Comment of the Comm

"THE NATURAL CHOICE"

#### ENGINE DEVELOPMENT BACKGROUND - GTA 5.6

to the same

|      | EPA 1991<br>Diesei | Hercules<br>Natural Gas |
|------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| NOx  | 5.0                | 1.68                    |
| THC  | 1.8                | 13.7                    |
| NMHC | N/A                | 1.3                     |
| CO   | 15.5               | 3.6                     |
| PM   | 0.25               | 0.1                     |

-Success stimulated further development

A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

"THE NATURAL CHOICE"

#### **ENGINE DEVELOPMENT**BACKGROUND - GTA 5.6

#### **MECHANICAL REFINEMENTS**

- Iron plated piston crown
- Revised piston skirt profile
- Reduced oil consumption ring set
- Modified valve stem oil seals
- Electronic fuel-ignition control

"THE NATURAL CHOICE"

#### **ENGINE DEVELOPMENT**BACKGROUND - GTA 5.6

- KEY TO LOWEST EMISSIONS
  - Cyl. to Cyl. air/fuel ratio consistency
- **FUEL SYSTEM** 
  - Electronic air/fuel ratio control
- IGNITION SYSTEM
  - 12 volt, capacitive discharge

"THE NATURAL CHOICE"

#### **ENGINE DEVELOPMENT**BACKGROUND - GTA 5.6

#### **DEVELOPMENT SUB-CONTRACTORS**

- ORTECH International
- Southwest Research Institute

#### FINAL CONFIGURATION

- Primarily diesel components
- Open loop electronic fuel and ignition control
- 10:1 Compression ratio pistons
- Lean burn combustion

#### TRANSIENT EMISSION TESTING

#### **ENGINE OUT EMISSIONS**

Grams/Hp/Hr.

|      | GTA 5.6 | 1994 CARB |
|------|---------|-----------|
| NOx  | 1.56    | 5.0       |
| THC  | 3.97    | 1.3       |
| NMHC | 0.76    | 1.2       |
| CO   | 2.09    | 15.5      |
| PM   | 0.06    | 0.1       |

#### HERCULES ENGINE COMPANY MODEL GTA 5.6

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
AIR RESOURCES BOARD

### EXECUTIVE ORDER A-289-3

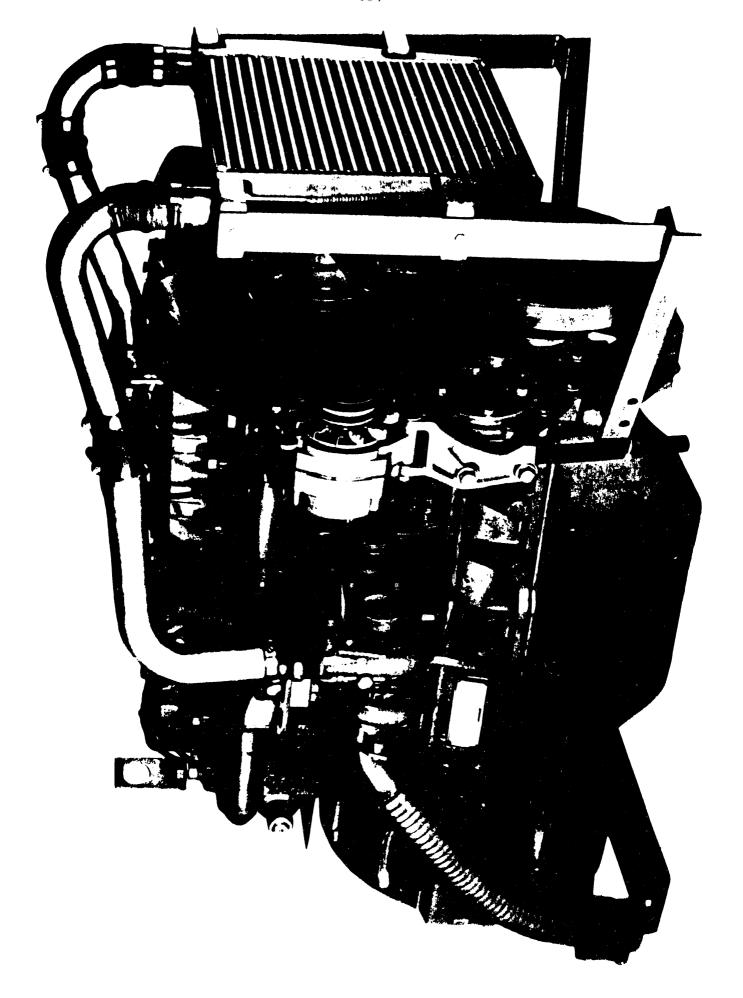
Issued on March 30, 1993

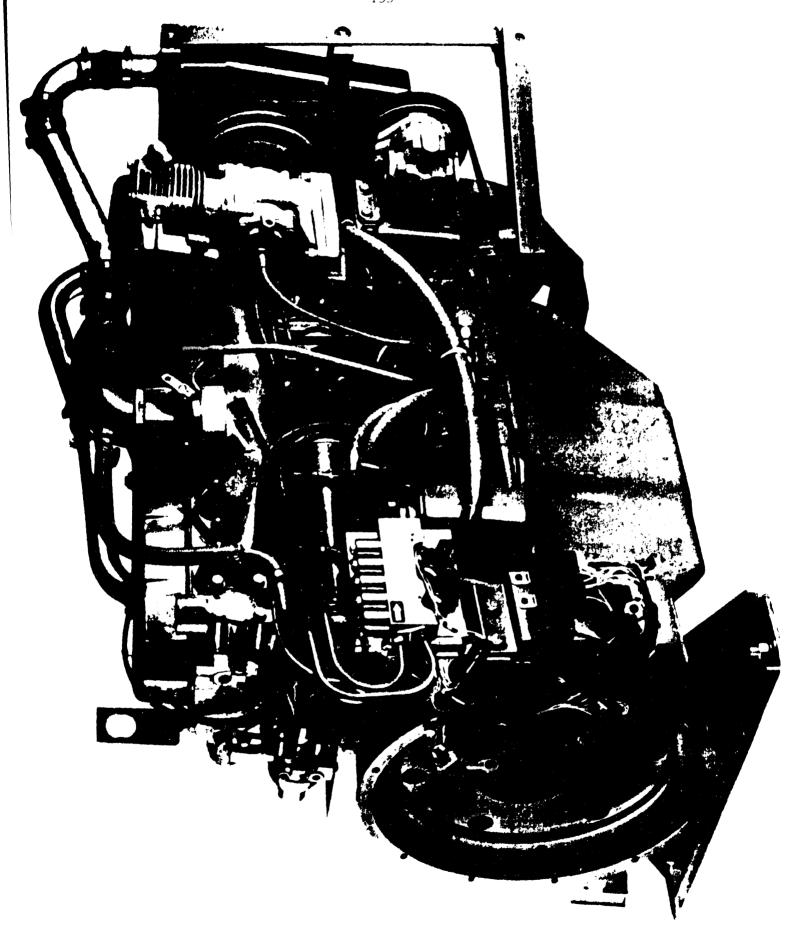
HERCULES ENGINE COMPANY
MODEL GTA 5.6

#### PRODUCTION AVAILABLE

# HERCULES ENGINE COMPANY GTA 5.6 WARRANTY

- TWO YEARS
- **" UNLIMITED MILAGE**
- 100% PARTS & LABOR





#### Counselor. The Student Body by Carpenter that goes the distance in efficiency.

Extra-large, aluminum split sash Helit\* passenger win dows open fully to provide ample escape exits in case of an emergency

A panoramic windshield combined with forward placement of the driver's seat and a flatlaced front end, maximizes the driver's field of vision.

Electric powered windshield wipers keep the windshield clear in rain or snow.



Deep side skirts accommodate large underfloor storage compartments which make Courselor well suited for transporting students to our of-town school acrismes.

A wraparound, 12-meh bumper provides added protection in the event of a front-end collision

The front grill and dual-maintenance panels can be removed without tools for easy access to electrical components, beaters, windshield washers and other front-end mainten ance components.

15



A wale, low-angled, three-site p sturned to furtheaters entery and exit and the low-profile engine cover expands the dever's view of one and off-loading passengers.



No tools are needed for the removal of the front grill and dual-maintenance necess panels



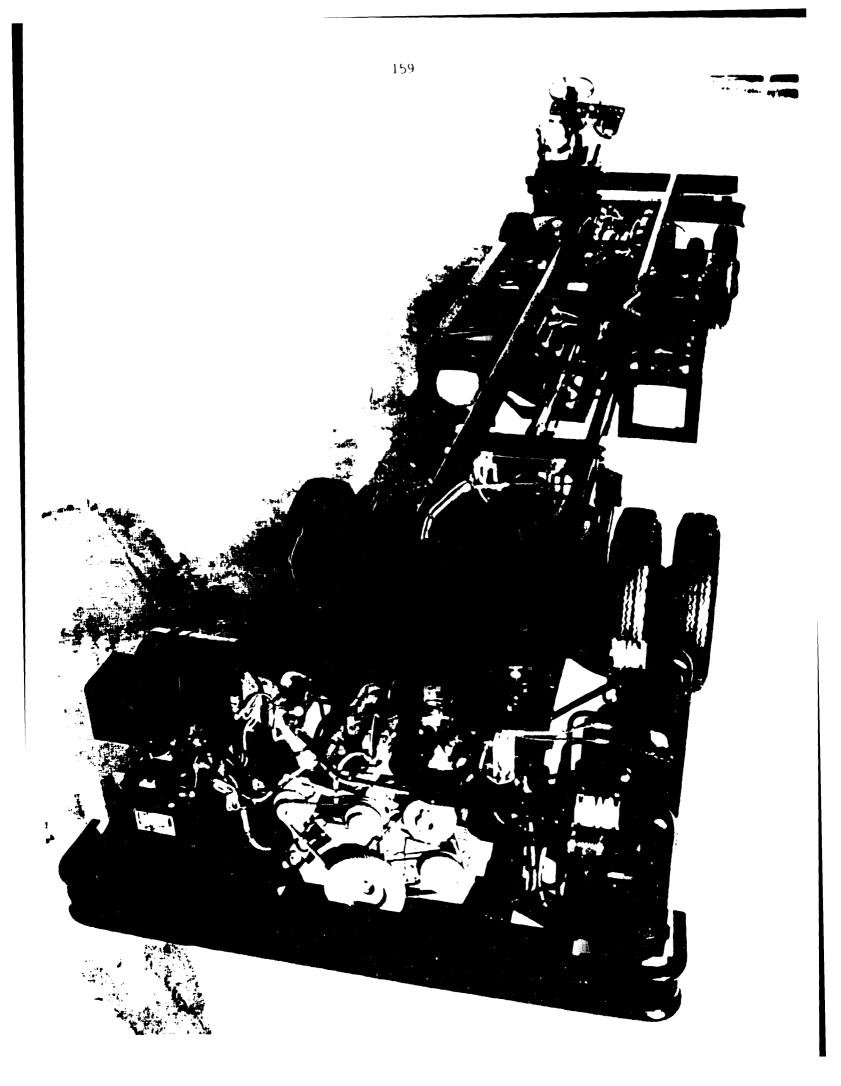
There's ample room for lugging, band instruments or athleto equipment in Course lor's optional deep side-skirt lugging compartment

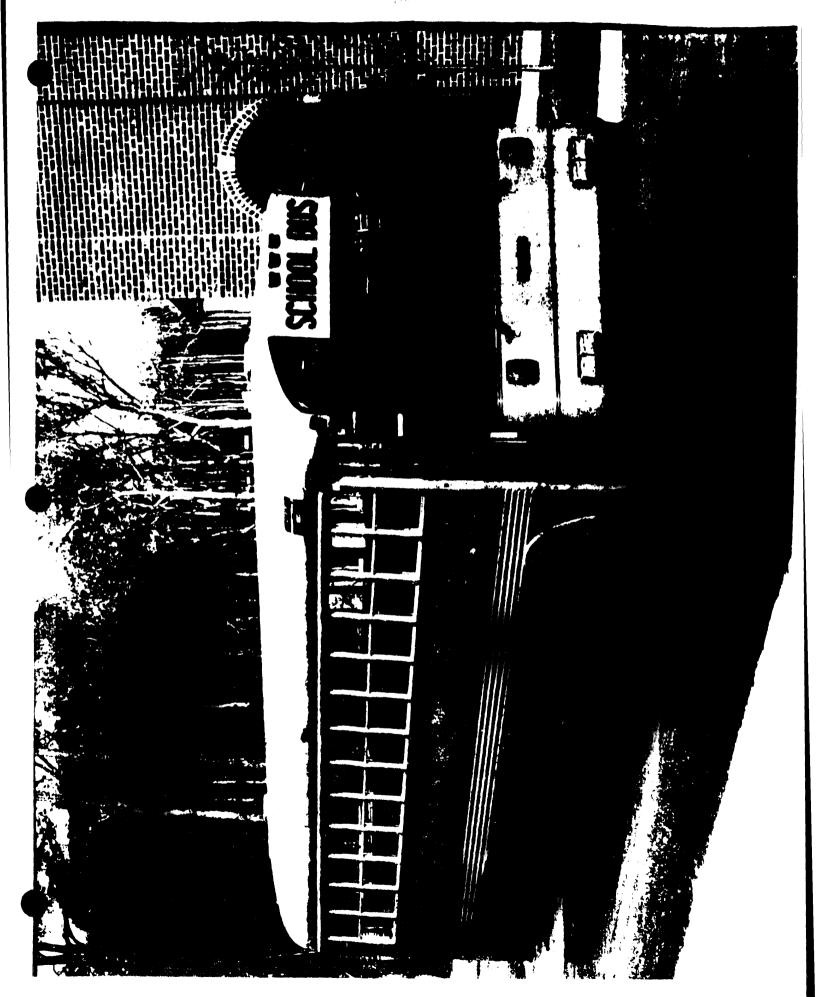


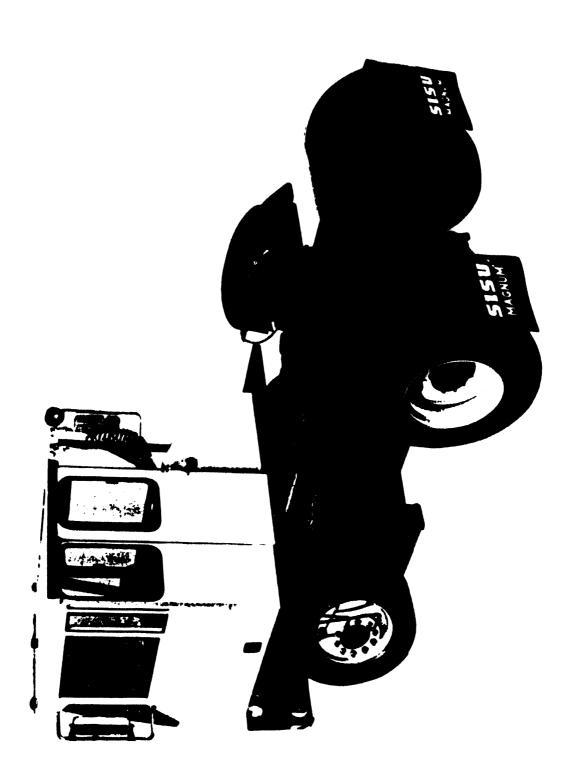
Counselor is avail able with an efficient Hereules dedicated Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) engine that's kinder to both your fuel budget and the environment















Market Construction of the Construction of

The Court of a count the way, in decising in places with any postures great countries of the countries of the countries of the property of the property of the countries of the

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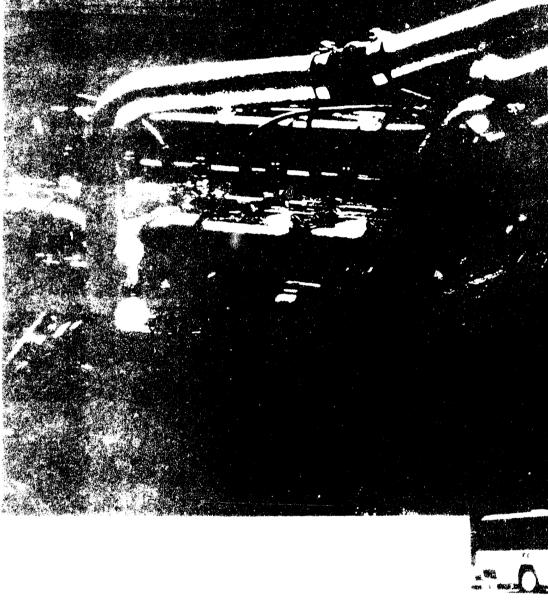
Hercules is one of the consequence of manufacturers of a and a constitute engines designed for a canety of appropriations.

Hercutes Engine Company 101 Eleventh Street S.E. • Canton Ohio 14707 3802 (216) 454 5631 • FAX (216) 438 1313



**PUTTING POWER TO WORK** 

THE PROPERTY.



HERCU





#### SUMMARY OF VERBAL COMMENTS OR QUESTIONS AND SPEAKER RESPONSES

DEDICATED NATURAL GAS ENGINES FOR ON-HIGHWAY APPLICATIONS - THE NATURAL CHOICE
K. Boyer, Hercules Engine Company

- Q. Mostafa Kamal, Cummins Engine Co: Could you comment on gas supply pressure to the engine?
- A. Yes, the system requires 100 psi at the intake side of the regulator.

#### 1993 WINDSOR WORKSHOP ON ALTERNATIVE FUELS

#### NATURAL GAS ENGINE AND VEHICLE DEVELOPMENT AT NAVISTAR PROGRAM STATUS

R.A. Baranescu Navistar International

- Introduction Market Forces
   Toward Natural Gas Fuel
- Natural Gas Engine Concept Development At Navistar
- Field Demonstration Of CNG Vehicles
- Natural Gas Engine Production Development
- Summary And Conclusions

## NAVISTAR CNG ENGINE PROGRAM MARKET FORCE INFLUENCE ON NAVISTAR

- 50% Share On School Bus Market
- 35% Share On Medium Truck Market
- 25% Share Of Heavy Truck Market
- Largest Volume Diesel Engine Producer
- Navistar Holds A Leadership Position And Responsibility

## NAVISTAR CNG ENGINE PROGRAM NAVISTAR'S MARKET STUDY

- A Sizable CNG Engine Market Exists Both
   Due To Mandates And Customer Benefit Reasons
- Initial Application To Centrally Fueled Fleets, Buses, Delivery Trucks, Etc.
- Must Meet EPA And California Emission Standards
- Customers Require Low Cost Of Ownership
- No Loss Of Power, Performance, Range, Driveability, Etc. Is Acceptable
- Use Commercially Available Fuel

#### **NAVISTAR CNG ENGINE PROGRAM DESIGN FEATURES**

Power and Speed 210 HP @ 2800 RPM

**Torque** 450 Ft. Lb. @ 1800 RPM

Compression Ratio 10 to 11.3

Combustion Lean Burn

30% Better Than Gasoline 15% Worse Than Diesel Fuel Efficiency

**Emission Goal** Meet EPA & California Standards

Intercooling Only Later

Catalyst Not Planned; Possibly Later

Mechanical Mixer For Veh. Demo **Fuel System** Electronic Gas Valve For Prod. Dev.

High Energy CD For Veh. Demo

Automotive Induction System For Prod. Dev.

RB6B 593

Ignition

#### 174

#### NAVISTAR CNG ENGINE PROGRAM DESIGN MODIFICATIONS - CYLINDER HEAD

- Plug Position
- Sleeve Design
- Metal Sections
- Rocker Cover Modification
- Seat Inserts
- Use Of Current Casting

## NAVISTAR CNG ENGINE PROGRAM DESIGN MODIFICATION - PISTON

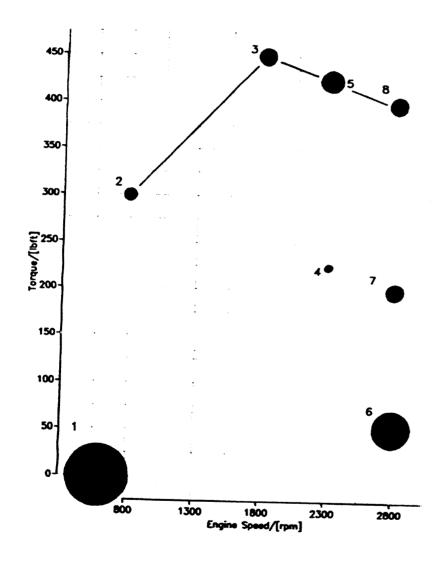
- Compression Ratio Selection
- Lost Volumes Valve Recess
- Undercrown Thickness
- Ring Height
- Thickness Behind Ring
- Chamber Orientation/Plug Position



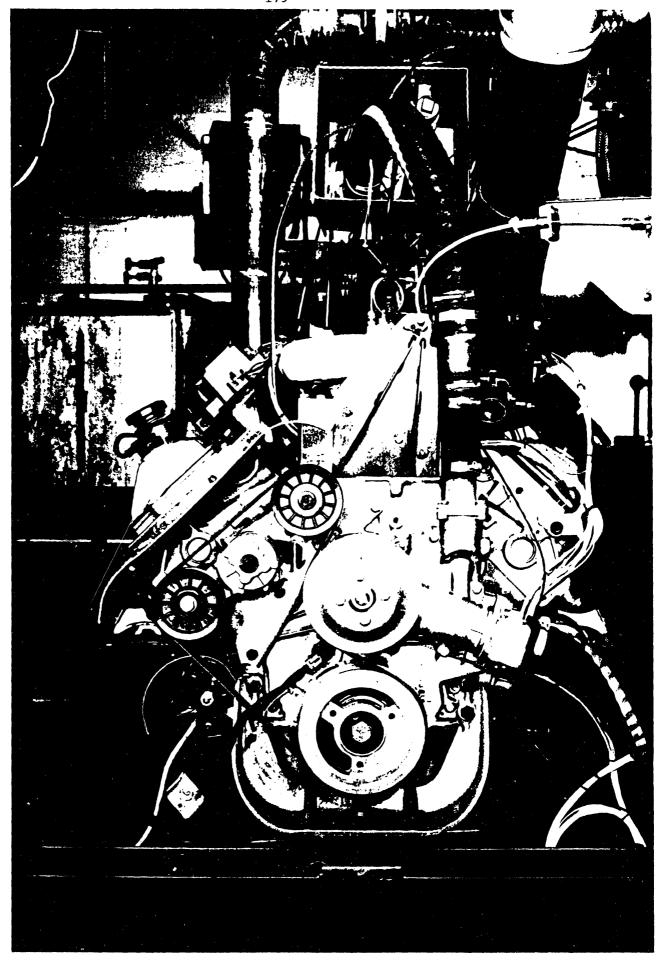
#### NAVISTAR CNG ENGINE PROGRAM DESIGN MODIFICATIONS - INDUCTION SYSTEM

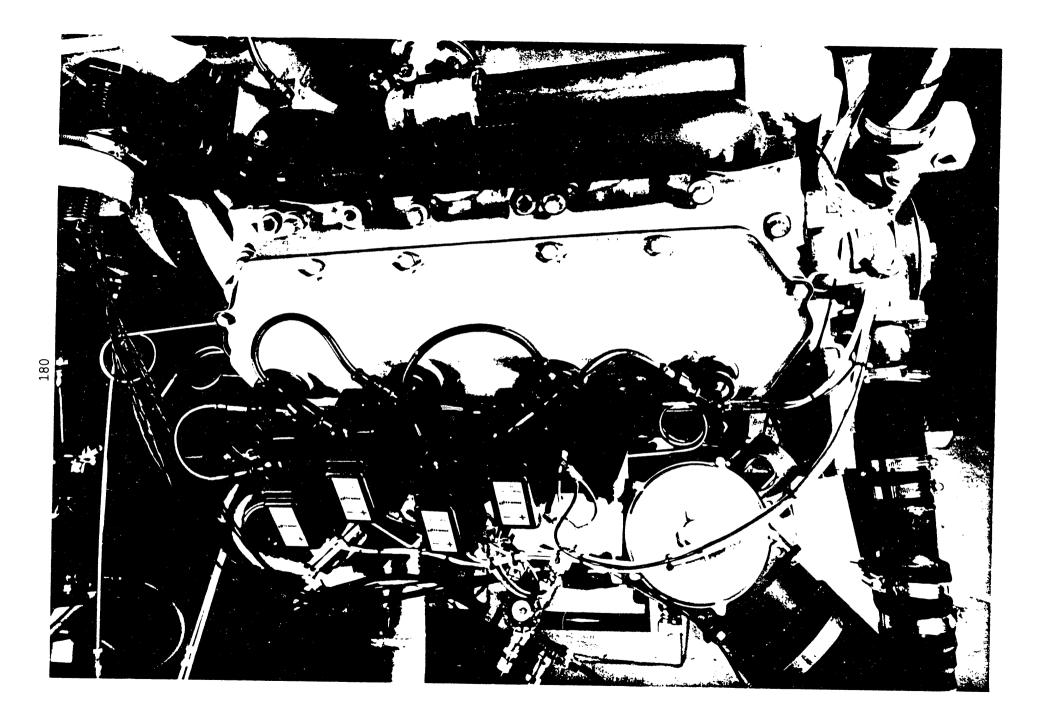
- Turbocharger Selection
- Mixer Selection
- Mixer / Throttle Relationship
- Upstream / Downstream
- Installation Constraints

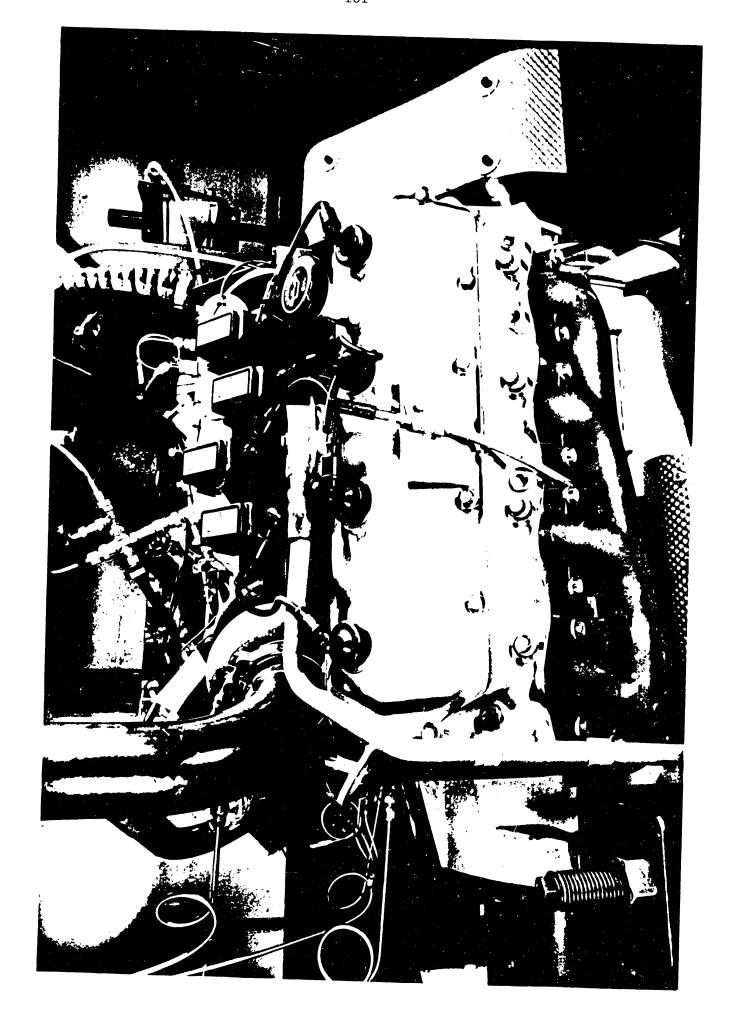
17



#### 8 MODE TEST POINTS

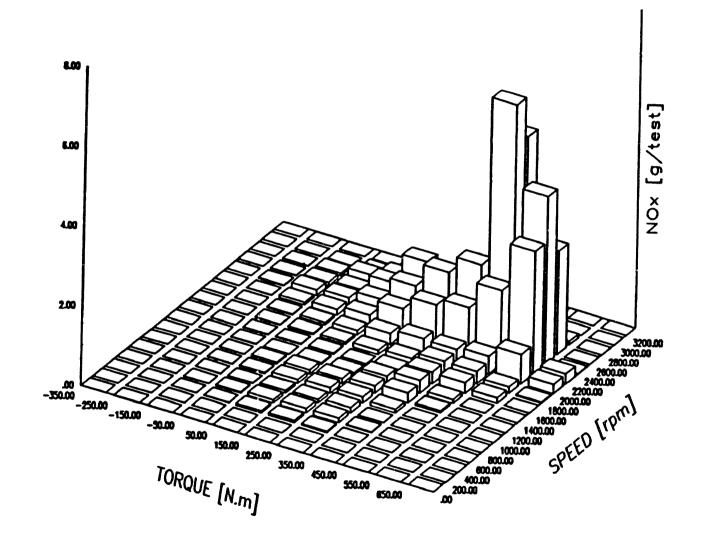




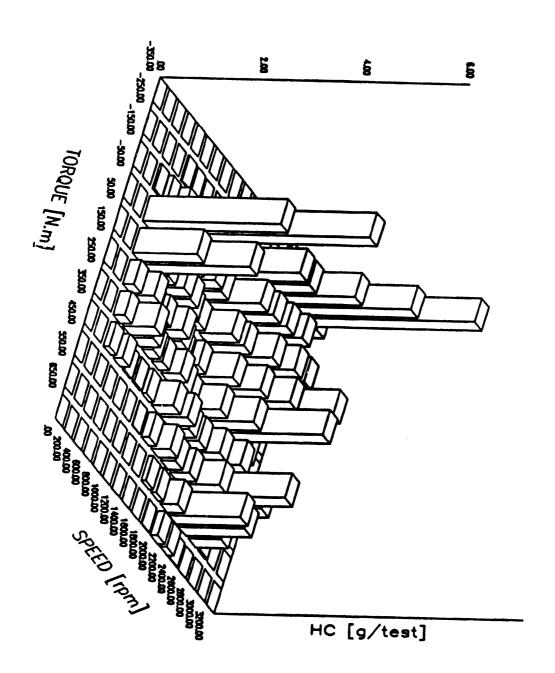


#### NAVISTAR CNG ENGINE PROGRAM ACHIEVEMENT

| Torque Curve                                    | Target    | Achievement |
|---|-----------|-------------|
| Rated Power (2800 RPM)                          | 210 BHP   | 210 BHP     |
| Peak Torque (1800 RPM)                          | 450 LB FT | 450 LB FT   |
| Low Speed (800 RPM)                             | 240 LB FT | 285 LB FT   |
| Emissions (G/BHP-Hr) Over FTP Transient Cycle): |           |             |
| NOx   | 4.5       | 2.0         |
| CO  | 12.5      | 2.84        |
| NMHC  | 1.0       | 0.56        |
| РМ  | 0.08      | -           |
| Efficiency                                      |           |             |
| Brake Thermal Efficiency (Hot Cycle)            | 23.0%     | 28.1%       |



#### MAP OF INTEGRATED EMISSIONS HOT START NOx



# MAP OF INTEGRATED EMISSIONS HOT START

#### g

#### KEY DESIGN ISSUES OF NATURAL GAS ENGINE

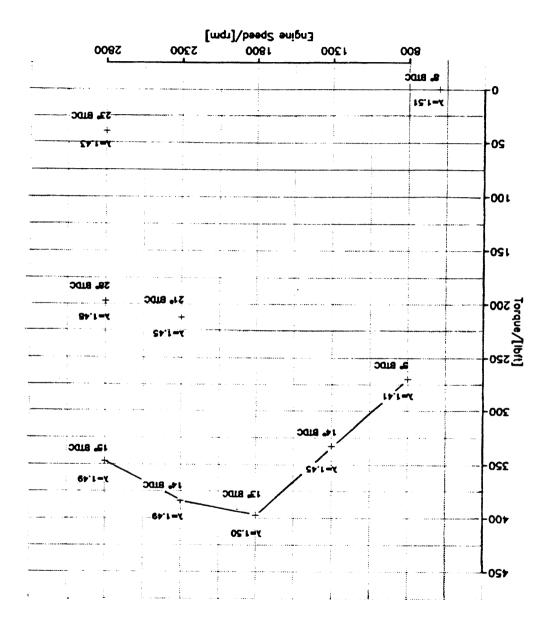
- CYLINDER HEAD DESIGN
  - Cast-In Spark Plug Access
  - Cast Valve Cover (Accessibility Simplicity Of Sealing)
  - Water Jacket Optimization
- VALVE AND SEAT WEAR (ESP. EXHAUST VALVE)
  - Exhaust Seat Angle
  - Valve Face And Seat Materials
- OIL CONTROL (POWER CYLINDER ROBUST AGAINST EFFECT OF VACUUM IN INDUCTION SYSTEM)
  - Side Clearance On All Rings
  - Piston Land Diameter
  - Oil Drain Back
- COMBUSTION BOWL GEOMETRY (EFFECT OF TURBULENCE)

#### 981

## CALIBRATION OF VEHICLE DEMONSTRATION ENGINE

- Best Overall Solution To Satisfy:
  - Torque Shape Requirements
  - Low Emissions NOx And HC
  - Acceptable Thermal Efficiency
  - Robustness To Ambient Temperature Effects
- Within Limits Of:
  - Mixer's Lack Of A/F Ratio Control
  - Mixer's Lack Of Temperature Compensation
  - Wastegate Actuator Hardware

## CNG ENGINE TOR VEHICLE IGUITION IGUITION SAND LAMBDA MAPS



#### à

## FIELD TESTS AND VEHICLE DEMONSTRATIONS

- Objectives
  - Evaluate Engine And Fuel System In Vehicle Operation
  - Provide Workhorse For New Designs
  - Demonstrate Proof-Of-Concept To Potential Users
- One "Mule" School Bus (At Navistar)
- Five Demonstration Vehicles At Customers
  - Four Buses
  - One UPS Vehicle

#### 9

#### **MULE VEHICLE PROGRAM**

VEHICLE SPEC

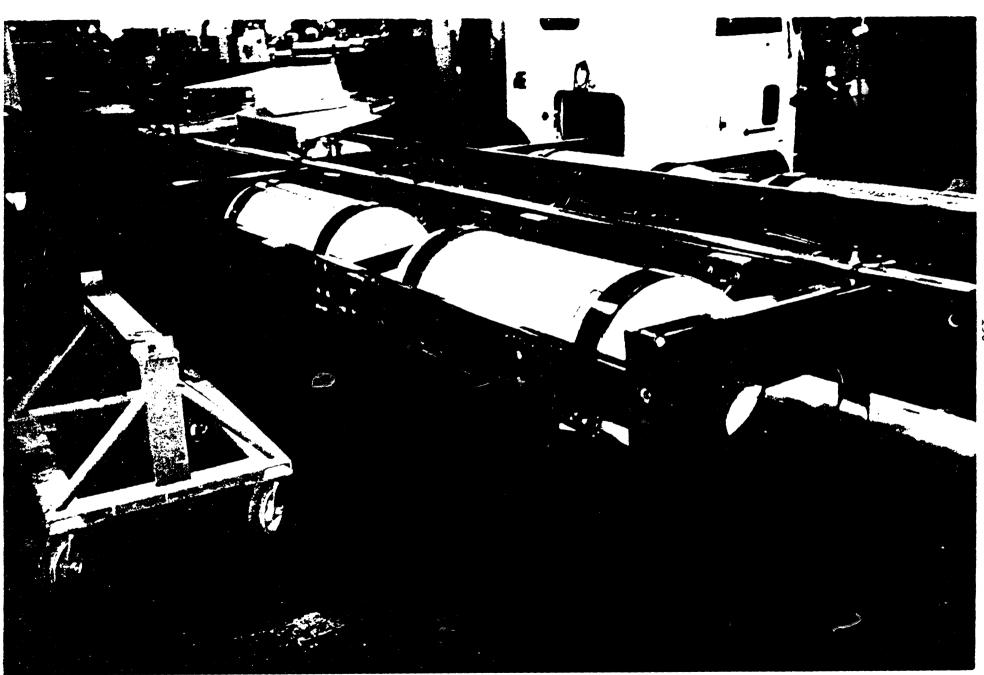
3700 Chassis School Bus Exhaust System Compatible W/CNG Accelerator Cable To CNG Throttle

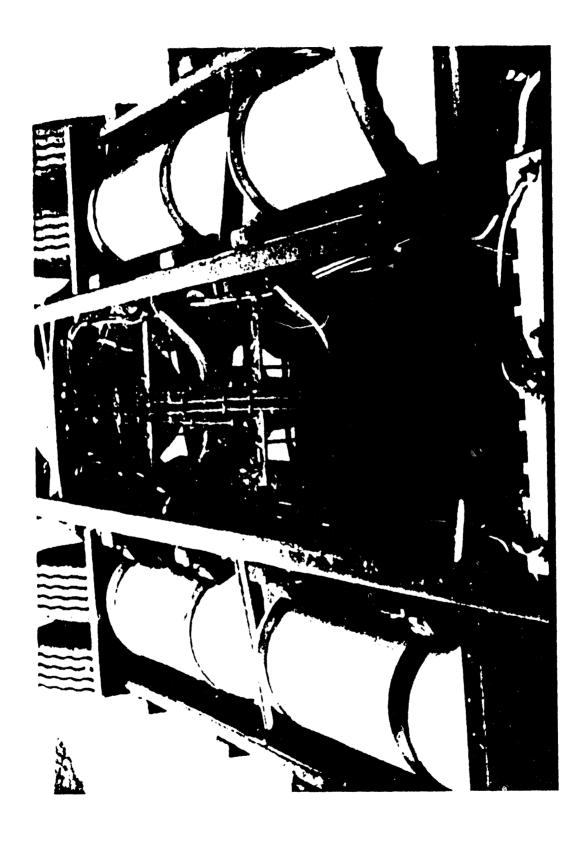
FUEL SYSTEM

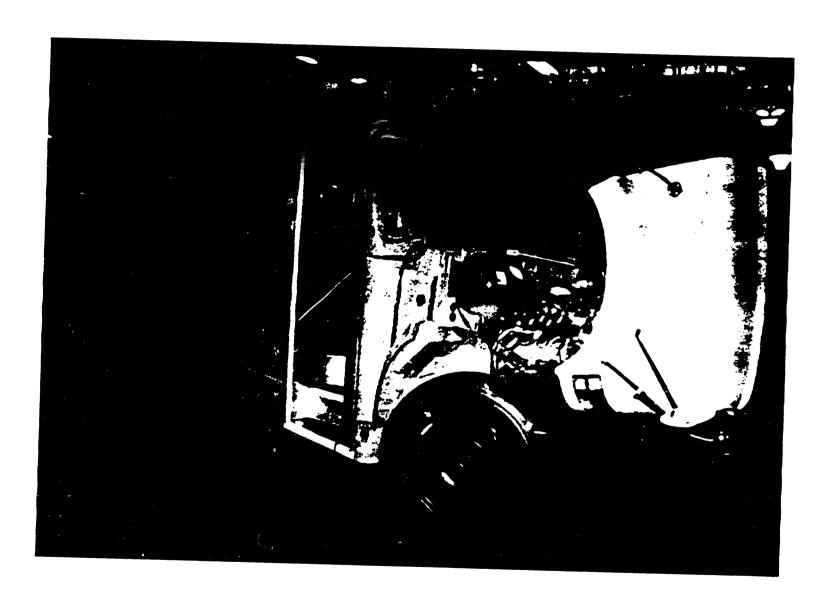
Four Fuel Tanks (15 X 54") 5000 Ft 3@ 3000 PSI Capacity 200 Mi Operating Range Two Stage Pressure Regulators

ENGINE

7.3 CNG Proof-Of-Concept Engine Impco 200 Carburetor Altronic Ignition System W/ECM







### **MULE VEHICLE PROGRAM (Cont'd)**

#### ACTIVITIES

- Fuel Economy, Operating Range
- Driveability Performance
- Engine Cooling, Heater Performance
- Cylinders Supplier Cert. Tests
- Cylinder Mounting
- School Bus Barrier Tests
- Ignition System Tests
- Radiated Emissions
- RF Susceptibility
- Interference On Radio Systems Immunity To Water

#### **Engine Validation**

### PRODUCTION DEVELOPMENT

Joint Venture Between Navistar & DDC

Time Frame: August 1993 - December 1994

### Focus:

- Electronic Fuel System (Gas Valve)
- Ignition System (Automotive Inductive)
- Integrated Engine Controls (DDEC)
- Durability / Reliability Validation

Twenty Nine Engines In Laboratory And Field Tests

,6T

- A 7.3 Liter Lean Burn Natural Gas Engine Concept Was Demonstrated - For School Bus And Truck Applications -That Achieves The Same Power Output And Torque As The 7.3 Liter Diesel Engine
- The Proof-Of-Concept Has Demonstrated Emission Levels Lower Than Initial Targets On All Major Pollutants, And Compliance With Emission Standards of 1994 - 1995 (US & California)
- Energy Efficiency Of The Concept Engine Has Exceeded Initial Targets; It Is Only About 12% Inferior To Diesel Efficiency

74T

#### 196

# **SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS (Cont'd)**

- Upcoming Vehicle Demonstrations Will Validate The Proof-Of-Concept And The Key Design Features Such As:
  - Cylinder Head
  - Valve Train Design And Durability
  - Power Cylinder Design For Oil Control
  - Air Management, Induction System
  - Vehicle Fuel System
- Production Development Of The 7.3L Engine Will Focus On:
  - Fuel System Development
  - Ignition System Development
  - Integrated Engine Controls

To Utilize The Latest Technology Achievements In Gaseous Fuel Systems And Electronic Controls

# SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS (Cont'd)

- Market Introduction Of The New Engine Is 1995
- The 7.3 Liter Natural Gas Engine Is A Viable Alternative For Advanced Mobile Applications Where Gaseous Fuels Are The Preferred Choice (Non Attainment Areas, Urban Fleets, School Buses, Etc...)
- Future Developments May Be Applied To This Engine To Reduce Emissions Even More, In Compliance With Evolving Standards

19

### NATURAL GAS IN VEHICULAR APPLICATIONS - STATUS OF DEVELOPMENT AT NAVISTAR

R.A. Baranescu, Navistar International Corporation

- Q. Eric Milkins, NGV-Australia: We have had similar experience with lean burn engines with a range of 1.5 to 2.0 for lambda values. Would you comment on air/fuel ratios used in your work?
- A. We started at a lambda value of 1.5, but have gone as high as 1.7 which was the maximum value limited by hydrocarbon emissions. With an oxidation catalyst we could go to higher values of lambda.
- Q. Mostafa Kamel, Cummins Engine Co.: Can you tell us why the capacitive discharge ignition system was selected?
- A. This engine was developed for the lowest possible cost, and the ignition system selected was the obvious choice for that objective.
- Q. Mehboob Sumar, ORTECH International: Was there any pre-ignition or deterioration at high speed?
- A. So far, no problems have been experienced.

#### 1993 WINDSOR WORKSHOP ON ALTERNATIVE FUELS

## UPDATE ON LIGHT DUTY ENGINES PANEL DISCUSSION

Panel Moderator: Ron Bright

#### **GENERAL MOTORS ALTERNATIVE FUEL PRODUCTS**

J. Christie General Motors of Canada

(Other presentations made during this Panel Discussion are unavailable)

### GENERAL MOTORS ALTERNATIVE FUEL PRODUCTS

by

JOHN M. CHRISTIE

att

1993 WINDSOR WORKSHOP, TORONTO, ONTARIO

JUNE 14, 1993



#### 201

### HISTORY OF GM ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE PRODUCTION

| <u>FUEL</u>      | TIME PERIOD | <u>PRODUCTS</u>               | <u>VOLUME</u> |
|------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| PROPANE/LPG      | 1984/85     | PICKUPS & VANS (CANADA ONLY)  | <300          |
| METHANOL/ETHANOL | 1991/93     | CHEVROLET LUMINA VFV          | 2100          |
| ETHANOL E20+     | THRU 1993   | GM DO BRASIL CARS & TRUCKS    | 250,000       |
| NATURAL GAS      | 1992/93     | GMC/CHEVROLET 3/4 TON PICKUPS | 2300          |
| ELECTRICITY      | •••         | GM OF EUROPE BEDFORD VANS     | <i>70</i>     |
| ELECTRICITY      | 1991        | GM/VEHMA G-VAN                |               |

JMC#3:8:193-46:06.JUNE93



#### **WE HAVE LEARNED A LOT ABOUT:**

#### ALCOHOL VFV'S:

- **♦ FUEL SENSORS & INJECTORS**
- **+** EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROLS
- **♦** HOT RE-START
- + COLD START
- **+** MATERIAL COMPATIBILITY
- **♦** FUEL PUMP
- **+** CONVENTIONAL TAILPIPE EMISSIONS

#### **GASEOUS FUEL VEHICLES:**

- **+ COMPRESSION RATIO & POWER**
- **CNG FUEL STORAGE**
- **♦ AIR/FUEL DISTRIBUTION**
- + COLD START
- **♦ FUEL PRESSURE REGULATOR**
- **+ TAILPIPE EMISSIONS**

JMC#3:B:193-46:08JUNE93



#### THERE IS MORE TO LEARN ABOUT:

#### **ALCOHOL FUEL VFV'S**

- **→** ALDEHYDE CONTROL
- **+** ULTRA LOW EMISSIONS
- **→** SPECIFIC CATALYSTS
- ♦ ENHANCED EVAPORATIVE EMISSION STANDARDS
- ◆ OBDII DIAGNOSTICS
- **♦** HIGH MILEAGE COMPONENT DURABILITY
- **♦** HANDLING LOW QUALITY FUEL
- + LOWER COST SYSTEMS

#### **GASEOUS FUEL VEHICLES**

- **♦** OBDII DIAGNOSTICS
- **→** HIGH MILEAGE COMPONENT DURABILITY
- + THC CONTROL
- **♦** FUEL STORAGE
- **♦** LOWER COST SYSTEMS

JMC#3:8:193-46:06/UNE93



#### WHERE THE DEMAND WILL BE, 2000 A.D.:

**EPACT** 

- **→** FEDERAL & STATE FLEETS
- **♦** FUEL PROVIDERS
- **♦** PRIVATE FLEETS

**PLUS** 

FREE MARKET

- **♦ STATE/MUNICIPAL FLEETS**
- **→** PRIVATE FLEETS
- **→** INDIVIDUALS

JMC#3:8:193-46:06JUNERS



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#### 205

#### **WHY THEY WILL BUY:**

#### ALCOHOL FUEL VEHICLES

#### GASEOUS FUEL VEHICLES

#### **ELECTRIC VEHICLES**

- ♦ MANDATED & LOW FUEL USERS
- → MANDATED & HIGH FUEL USERS
- ◆ OE MANDATED SALES (2 % CALIFORNIA)

**♦** MANDATED & LOW BID

- **♦** MANDATED NGV PURCHASES
- **♦** ADVOCATES/FUEL PROVIDERS
- **→** FREE MARKET HIGH FUEL USERS
- **♦** ADVOCATES/FUEL PROVIDERS

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### ROLL-OUT = PRODUCTS + TIMING+ VOLUMES + WHERE

ALCOHOL FUEL VEHICLES

GASEOUS FUEL VEHICLES

ELECTRIC VEHICLES

**PRODUCTS** 

COMPACT CARS/TRUCKS

FULL SIZE CARS/TRUCKS CURRENT CONVERSION PRODUCTS

COMMUTER CAR AND/OR MINIVAN

TIMING

1998 - 2000 AD

NOW

1998

**VOLUMES** 

N/A

NA

2% OF **OE** CALIFORNIA SALES

WHERE

**US WIDE** 

US WIDE & REGIONAL

**CALIFORNIA** 

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#### BUSINESS CASE = CONSERVATIVE + OTHER ESTIMATE SUPPORT

#### "OTHER SUPPORT" HAS SIGNIFICANT UPSIDE POTENTIAL:

+ CAFE CREDIT

+ EPACT FUEL USE OBJECTIVE

**→** PUBLIC RELATIONS

**♦** COMPETITIVE STRATEGIES

+ "HALO" SALES

→ MARKETS OUTSIDE USA

→ IMPROVE GASOLINE → FUEL PROVIDER MARKETING

JMC#3:B:193-46:08JUNE93



#### WHAT COULD/WILL HAPPEN:

- 1. OE'S COULD ABANDON METHANOL/ETHANOL PROGRAMS
  - **♦ FUEL COST NOT ATTRACTIVE**
  - **♦ FRAGMENTED MARKET**
  - **♦** GOVERNMENT POLICY DRIVEN; NO CUSTOMER DRIVERS
  - **♦ FUEL INFRASTRUCTURE INADEQUATE**
  - **♦ FUEL QUALITY NOT ADDRESSED**
  - **♦ EXPENSIVE O.E. DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS**
  - ◆ CHALLENGING EMISSION STANDARDS: OBDII & EVAP

BIG FACTORS: GOVERNMENT POLICY, FUEL COST, FUEL QUALITY, FUEL AVAILABILITY

JMC#3:B:193-46:08.JUNE93



#### WHAT COULD/WILL HAPPEN (Cont'd):

- 2. OE'S WILL BE IN THE GASEOUS FUEL MARKET WILLINGLY OR UNWILLINGLY
  - + TWO WAYS
    - **♦ AFTERMARKET CONVERSIONS**
    - ♦ O.E. MONO-FUEL/BI-FUEL PROGRAMS

◆ FREEMARKET CUSTOMER DRIVEN - LOW FUEL COST & ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS

- **♦ STEADY REGIONAL GROWTH**
- **♦ HOME REFUELLING APPLIANCE**
- → PRO-ACTIVE GOVERNMENT SUPPORT FEDERAL/STATE

BIG FACTORS: PRODUCT COSTS; FUEL QUALITY; FUEL AVAILABILITY

JMC#3:B:193-46:08JUNE93



#### WHAT NEEDS TO BE DONE:

- 1. MOVE ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES OFF THE ENVIRONMENTAL AGENDA
  - ◆ SMALL VOLUME; SMALL BENEFIT
  - **♦ OTHER MORE EFFECTIVE STRATEGIES**
- 2. IMPLEMENT AN EFFECTIVE COMMERCIALIZATION STRATEGY
  - ◆ DRIVEN BY ENERGY SELF SUFFICIENCY & ECONOMICS
  - **♦ UTILIZE CUSTOMER INFLUENCES** 
    - ♦ WHAT MAKES SENSE TO CUSTOMER, MAKES SENSE UPSTREAM
    - ♦ CUSTOMERS NEED TO UNDERSTAND AND BELIEVE





# UPDATE DATE ON LIGHT DUTY ENGINES - PANEL PRESENTATIONS GENERAL MOTORS ALTERNATIVE FUEL PRODUCTS J. Christie, General Motors of Canada

- Q. Anonymous: Is there a reduction in purchases of alternative fuel vehicles after their introduction?
- A. Yes, the initial purchase rates are the highest right after the production run. It is a matter of developing the best product for customer acceptance.
- Q. Anonymous: What has been the experience on warranty costs for propane and natural gas conversions?
- A. We analyzed data on 10,000 vehicles over the last 10 years in Canada. The significant finding was that complaints were related more to the installation rather than to the hardware.

### HIGHLIGHTS OF CHRYSLER'S ALTERNATIVE FUEL PROGRAMS J.W. Lanigan, Chrysler Canada Ltd.

#### (Presentation unavailable at time of printing)

- Q. Alex Lawson, Alex Lawson Associates: I didn't hear hybrid electric vehicles mentioned in your talk.
- A. We are not ignoring that possibility. The program will be emphasized when appropriate for the consumer.
  - Comment: Ron Bright, Ford Motor Co. Canada: The University of Alberta was first in competition with 30 universities and did an outstanding job of vehicle modification.
- Q. Bernie James, Energy, Mines & Resources Canada: What percentage of power do you expect from regenerative braking systems?
- A. It depends on the duty cycle, but in current tests we get on the order of 5 to 10 percent.

### STRATEGIES TOWARD EXPANDING NGV PRODUCTION T.W. Rogers, Cardinal Automotive Inc.

#### (Presentation unavailable at time of printing)

- Q. Chandra Prakash, Environment Canada: How many vehicles have you converted to natural gas?
- A. We do more conversions to fuels other than natural gas. The demand for natural gas conversions has been relatively low, and we have done groups of 1 to 4 vehicles at a time.

AFTERMARKET NG CONVERSIONS OR OEM PRODUCTS - STRATEGIC OPTIONS AND I IMPACTS

B. Wilson, Colorado State University

#### (Presentation unavailable at time of printing)

- Q. Anonymous: Various conversions are now available with closed loop controls integrated with hardware. Would you comment on these?
- A. There are five types of systems being used: Fully mechanical, mechanical with closed loop oxygen feedback, fully electronic add-ons, translators which work with OEM computers, and OEM electronic systems. The second of those, if properly installed, gives good air/fuel ratio control at steady state but does not handle transients well.