

### 6.3 Etherification Runs

The above-mentioned light naphtha samples and methanol were the feedstock for a series of etherification runs at the same process conditions that were used for the earlier 2-methyl-2-butene/methanol tests. The reaction temperature was 150°F, except for a few runs at 125°F with feed "A." Tables XXIII-XXV show the major product analyses of these light naphtha/methanol runs with feedstocks "A," "B," and "C," respectively. The mixed ether product consisted of TAME and the three C<sub>6</sub> ethers, THME, (tertiary hexyl methyl ethers), which are 2-methyl-2-methoxypentane, 2,3-dimethyl-2-methoxybutane and 3-methyl-3-methoxypentane. Each run represents a weight balance period of at least 6 hours. There was good agreement in the product analyses for each test condition, except for the variability in the methanol analyses. In addition, the methanol and isobutylene components were not completely separated on the capillary GC column, a problem that did not allow for the quantification of the production of MTBE from the reaction of methanol and the minor amount of isobutylene in the naphtha sample. Table XXIII shows that higher conversions were obtained at 150°F than at 125°F reaction temperature, in agreement with the pure component 2-methyl-2-butene tests.

Different olefins have different reactivities and give different conversions during the etherification process. The conversion of each isomer can be calculated from the concentrations of feed and product that are given for each of the runs in Tables XXIII-XXV. Using data from Table XXIII, the effect of isomer and temperature on olefin reactivity is illustrated below in Table XXIIIa.

TABLE XXIIIa

REACTIVE ISO-OLEFINS CONVERSION TO ETHERS

Iso-olefin Component	125°F	150°F
	<u>Wt%</u>	<u>Wt%</u>
C <sub>5</sub>		
2-Methyl-1-butene	85.4	89.9
2-Methyl-2-butene	29.9	65.5
C <sub>6</sub>		
2,3 Dimethyl-1-butene	56.5	83.4
2-Methyl-1-pentene	65.9	87.5
2-Methyl-2-pentene	20.7	48.6
3-Methyl-cis-2-pentene	21.7	38.6
3-methyl-trans-2-pentene	20.8	29.8

The reaction products from the runs with feedstock "A" had a significant yellow color, especially at the higher reaction temperature of 150°F. The products from the pure component 2-methyl-1-butene tests were colorless. It is likely that polymerization of olefins to C<sub>10</sub>+ hydrocarbon "color bodies" was responsible for the undesirable colored product. The color of the ether product could be a significant product quality issue. A possible solution would be to distill the ether product to remove the high molecular weight color bodies. However, the THME ethers boil at the high end of the product gasoline fraction, so such a separation might not be feasible. Another possible way to reduce color formation would be to use a catalyst that contained a hydrogenation metal component and hydrogen gas in the reactor.

To reduce color formation, runs were made with feedstocks "B" and "C" using Bayer's commercial etherification catalyst, K2634, in addition to Amberlyst 15. The Bayer catalyst contains a noble metal in addition to

TABLE XXIV

ETHERIFICATION RUNS WITH NAPHTHA "B"  
 (200 PSIG, METHANOL 1.37 G/HR, 200°F- NAPHTHA 5.5 G/HR)

Run No.	Feed+MeOH	031-2	032-1	033-1	033-2	033-3	033-4
Temp		150°F	150°F	150°F	150°F	150°F	150°F
Catalyst		Amber15	Amber15	K2634	K2634	K2634	K2634
Product, Wt%							
C4-5							H2 added
Olefins:							
Isobutylene							
iC4=	1.036047	0.405	0.585	0.441	0.567	0.374	0.468
3M1BUTENE	0.225081	0.192	0.267	0.203	0.261	0.149	0.143
2M1BUTENE	1.81245	0.141	0.199	0.153	0.215	0.335	0.414
2M2BUTENE	4.778967	1.464	2.016	1.358	1.906	1.581	2.731
C6 OLEFINS							
3M1PENTENE	0.689574	0.66	0.767	0.6	0.748	0.423	0.429
23DMBUTENE	0.612861	0.512	0	0.038	0.048	0.03	0.083
4Mt2PENTENE	0.30348	0.293	0.368	0.289	0.363	0.221	0.262
4Mc2PENTENE	1.041105	0.995	1.159	0.912	1.136	0.69	0.929
2M1PENTENE	2.099913	0.276	0.329	0.239	0.335	0.424	0.583
HEXENE1	0.649953	0.622	0.696	0.544	0.68	0.368	0.387
tHEXENE3	1.620246	1.551	1.718	1.358	1.695	1.011	1.298
cHEXENE3	2.695914	2.569	2.633	2.086	2.601	1.594	2.207
2M2PENTENE	4.440081	1.81	2.08	1.497	2.008	1.46	2.478
tHEXENE2	0.06744	0.114	0	0.067	0.067	0.07	0.071
3Mt2PENTENE	2.640276	1.542	1.893	1.398	1.851	1.208	1.957
cHEXENE2	1.422141	1.359	1.482	1.169	1.468	0.863	1.04
3Mc2PENTENE	4.621326	2.969	3.378	2.436	3.289	2.127	3.521
OXYGENATES:							
MEOH	15.7	15.3	17.148	39.317	17.586	49.195	22.108
MTBE	0	1.558	2.031	1.459	1.991	0.927	1.835
TAME	0	6.17	6.328	4.452	6.338	2.853	4.644
THME1	0	1.172	0.67	0.466	0.677	0.386	0.52
THME2	0	5.535	4.369	2.866	4.397	2.45	3.542
THME3	0	4.142	3.003	2.148	3.113	1.782	2.376
NON-REACTIVE COMPOUNDS:							
nHEXANE	3.796872	3.25	3.598	2.883	3.484	2.48	4.653
TOLUENE	0.865761	0.851	0.746	0.499	0.739	0.461	0.714
2MPENTANE	3.153663	3.271	3.796	2.867	3.538	2.228	3.7
3MPENTANE	1.608444	1.746	1.972	1.455	1.794	1.121	1.878

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TABLE XXV

ETHERIFICATION RUNS WITH NAPHTHA "c"  
 (200 PSIG, METHANOL 1.37 G/HR, 200°F- NAPHTHA 5.5 G/HR)

Run No.	Feed+MeOH	034-1	034-2	034-3	034-4
Temp		150°F	150°F	150°F	150°F
MEOHRATE		K2634	K2634	K2634	K2634
GASORATE		H2 added	H2 added	no H2	no H2
Product: C4-5 OL:					
Isobutylene iC4=	0.427401	0.3	0.206	0.435	0.3
3M1BUTENE	0.15174	0.019	0.008	0.111	0.159
2M1BUTENE	1.485366	0.348	0.302	0.213	0.151
2M2BUTENE	4.752834	3.095	2.778	2.094	1.595
C6 OLEFINS:					
3M1PENTENE	1.012443	0.073	0.052	0.709	1.012
23DMBUTENE	0.820239	0.115	0.115	0.115	0.115
4Mt2PENTENE	0.418971	0.145	0.123	0.458	0.46
4Mc2PENTENE	1.353858	0.751	0.651	1.481	1.404
2M1PENTENE	2.54586	0.54	0.548	0.351	0.318
HEXENE1	0.96945	0.067	0.048	0.407	0.957
tHEXENE3	2.128575	0.891	0.786	2.009	2.167
cHEXENE3	3.339966	1.884	1.692	3.589	3.43
2M2PENTENE	4.606152	3.087	3.219	2.281	2.187
tHEXENE2	0.06744	0.067	0	0.067	0.067
3Mt2PENTENE	2.774313	2.185	2.215	1.868	1.834
cHEXENE2	1.797276	0.588	0.518	1.609	1.817
3Mc2PENTENE	4.509207	4.125	4.237	3.399	3.29
OXYGENATES:					
MEOH	15.7	15.88	11.402	13.721	10.7
MTBE	0	1.318	1.117	1.082	1.049
TAME	0	4.555	4.854	5.838	6.819
THME1	0	0.494	0.597	0.679	0.893
THME2	0	3.876	4.932	5.012	6.114
THME3	0	2.087	2.589	3.366	4.166
NON-REACTIVE COMPOUNDS:					
nHEXANE	1.978521	7.371	7.847	2.943	2.151
TOLUENE	0.292521	0.375	0.335	0.269	0.325
2MPETANE	4.517637	5.961	6.157	5.253	4.731
3MPETANE	3.250608	3.691	3.973	3.571	3.316

TABLE XXVI  
SUMMARY OF ETHERIFICATION RUN DATA

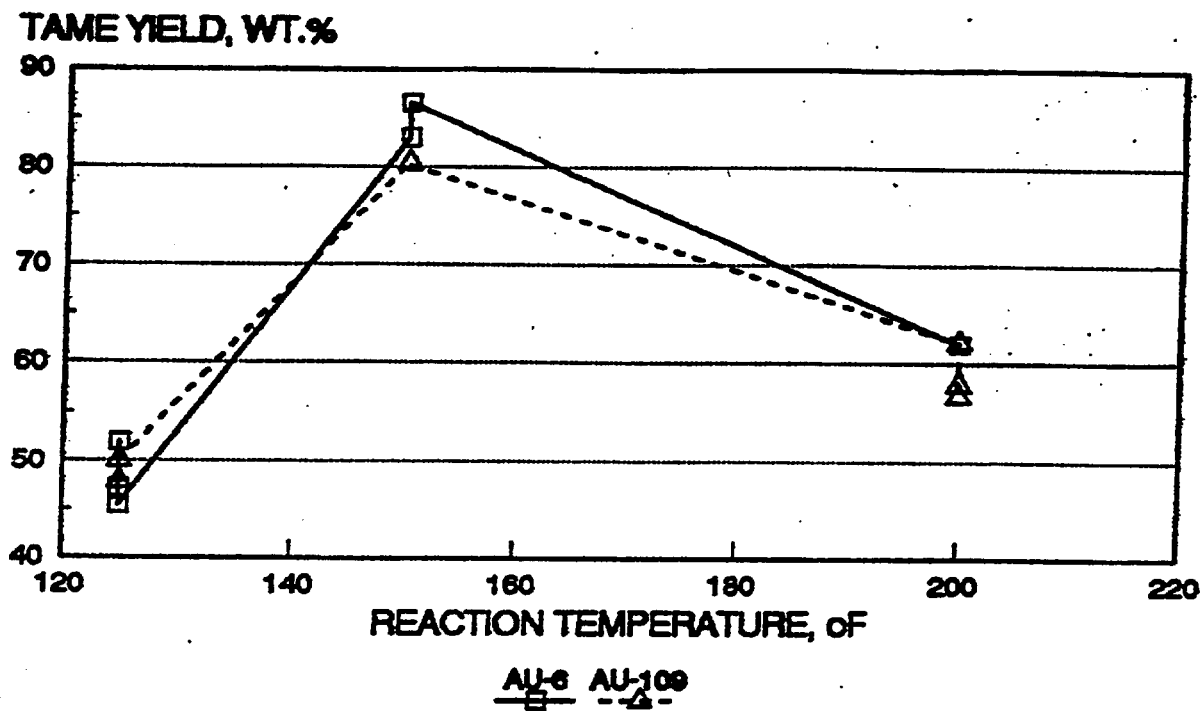
Run No.	Reaction Temp	Catalyst	Research Octane Number*	Paraffins	Iso-paraffins	Aromatics	Naphthenes	Olefins	Oxygenates	Unknowns
<b>Feed A</b>										
92-0490-01A			80.92	6.689	42.712	1.736	3.956	44.507	0.071	0.33
15586-024-2	125°F	Amberlyst 15	82.09	7.804	40.230	1.985	4.474	33.762	11.406	0.34
15586-024-6	150°F	Amberlyst 15	83.76	6.463	40.429	2.247	4.576	29.671	16.294	0.32
15586-024-8	150°F	Amberlyst 15	83.88	6.337	40.466	2.263	4.586	29.58	16.436	0.33
<b>Feed B</b>										
93-0024-01A										
15586-031-2	150°F	Amberlyst 15	83.12	8.437	17.637	2.623	5.549	64.472	0.17	1.11
15586-033-1	150°F	Bayer K2634	87.43	7.417	17.989	3.687	6.424	41.847	21.815	0.821
15586-033-3	150°F	Bayer K2634	87.48	7.381	17.340	3.691	6.583	41.716	22.445	0.844
<b>Feed C</b>										
93-0024-01C										
15586-034-1	150°F	Bayer H2 K2634	85.78	8.205	17.668	3.62	6.512	45.889	17.277	0.83
15586-034-3	150°F	Bayer H2 K2634	84.56	4.315	22.881	0.353	3.161	68.651	0.15	0.49
			79.47	14.535	24.733	2.405	5.436	35.369	17.332	0.19
			85.78	5.921	22.489	1.977	4.497	43.51	21.192	0.415

\*Calculated

WR/lkv/94156  
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FIGURE 72

**EFFECT OF REACTION TEMPERATURE ON ETHERIFICATION  
OF 2-METHYL-2-BUTENE WITH METHANOL**



the strong acid functionality. The noble metal is available for olefin isomerization and diolefin saturation, in the presence of hydrogen.

When hydrogen gas was present with the Bayer catalyst (run No. 034-1, Table XXV), the color of the product improved, but there was a major loss of iso-olefin conversion because of concurrent hydrogenation of both reactive iso-olefins and linear olefins. This was an undesirable result since both the production of ethers and the octane number of the product decreased significantly. As Table XXVI shows, this run with added hydrogen gas had a lower research octane number (79.5) than the feedstock (84.6) or run No. 034-3 which was made without added hydrogen (85.8). This octane loss was due to the conversion of high octane olefins to low octane paraffins.

Table XXVI, which summarizes the etherification data at 150°F where the reaction was under equilibrium control, shows that iso-olefin conversions were similar for the three feedstocks and two catalysts, and in the absence of hydrogen gas, the light naphtha fractions from the catalytic cracking of Fischer-Tropsch wax were excellent feedstocks for the synthesis of TAME and THME. Table XXVI shows that the calculated research octane values for the products of these etherification runs were 2-4 numbers higher than the starting light naphtha feedstocks. As expected, this octane increase depended to some extent upon the concentrations of the ethers in the product.

#### 7.0 EVALUATION OF GASOLINE BLENDING PROPERTIES OF ETHERS (TASK 6)

The previous section described RON data that were calculated from gas chromatography analyses of the mixed ether product from methanol etherification of the 200-°F fraction from the pilot plant catalytic cracking runs of Fischer-Tropsch wax feedstock. Measured RON and Motor Octane Numbers (MON) were obtained on those mixed ethers products in engine tests using 10% blends of the mixed ether product with unleaded regular gasoline (ULR). The octane number from the engine test of the blend is the observed octane number. The blend octane number is the octane number of the ether component. The blend octane number of the ethers was calculated from the observed octane number of the blend by using Equation 1, which assumes that the volumes of ethers and unleaded regular gasoline blend linearly. These RON and MON data are given in Table XXVII, which also gives the RON data shown in Table XXVI that were calculated from gas chromatography analyses.

Equation 1:

$$\text{Observed Octane} = (\text{Vol. Fr. Additive})(\text{Blend Value Additive}) + (\text{Vol. Fr. ULR})(\text{Obs. Octane ULR})$$

where Vol. Fr. ULR = 0.90, RON ULR = 91.9, and MON ULR = 82.3

The calculated RON values for the products of the etherification runs were 2-4 numbers higher than the starting light naphtha feedstocks. As expected, this octane increase depended to some extent upon the concentrations of the ethers in the product. However, as Figure 73 shows, there was only fair agreement between the measured blending RON and the RON calculated by gas chromatography, even after editing the data to exclude outliers from the engine tests. Figure 73 excluded the data for additive 92-0490-1A because the MON was higher than the RON, which is impossible. We believe these results reflect engine test measurement errors because of very small amounts of samples available for analysis. Although the measurement of octane numbers in engine tests is usually very accurate, the data we obtained on the mixed ether blends is extremely sensitive to small errors because only enough etherified product was available for a single evaluation as a 10% solution, and the octane numbers of the unleaded regular blend stock were very similar to those of the ether blends.

## 8.0 ECONOMIC EVALUATIONS (TASK 7)

### 8.1 Product Value of FCC Pilot Plant Runs

#### 8.1.1 Propylene Valued as Fuel Gas

Product values were calculated for eight pilot plant runs (939-1, -2, -4, -5, 940-1, -2, 941-1, and 941-2) using the product yields given in Table XVIII plus the product yields of reactive (for the production of methyl ethers) C<sub>5</sub> and C<sub>6</sub> olefin isomers that are shown in Table XXVIII. Tables XXIX-XXXVI show the results of the calculations for the eight runs, respectively. The rate basis for all the analyses was 283,687 lb/hr, which is consistent with the F-T wax rate used in the "Baseline Design/Economics for Advanced Fischer-Tropsch Technology."<sup>(9)</sup> Net product values (which accounts for the external energy required to maintain heat balance) were calculated for both simple (no ether unit) and complex (contains ether unit) refinery configurations. The price structure was the 1989 average spot price, PAD III obtained from the National Petroleum Council. All the iso-olefins were valued 100% as etherification feedstocks although they are only partially converted to ethers. Table XXXVII summarizes the net product values for simple and complex refineries, and the difference between the two, for the data in Tables XXIX-XXXVI.

Table XXXVII shows that irrespective of catalyst or reaction conditions, the net product values (\$/d) for a simple refinery, which ranged from about \$555,500 to \$584,500, were always lower than the net product values for a complex refinery, which ranged from about \$605,600 to \$653,300. The net product values from the complex refinery configuration were higher because isobutylene was valued at 85.4 cpg as MTBE unit vs 63.8 cpg as alkylation product and the isoamylenes and isohexenes were valued at ~ 69 cpg as ethers vs 59.2 cpg as gasoline. Additional experimental data would be required to select the best catalyst if the products were valued for a simple refinery configuration. The HZSM-5 and beta zeolite catalysts would be better catalysts than USY zeolite catalyst in a complex refinery configuration because of their higher yields of iso-olefins. The complex refinery values of the beta and HZSM-5 catalyst runs were about \$630,000-653,000/d vs \$606,000-626,000/d for the USY catalyst runs.

#### 8.1.2 Propylene Valued as Feedstock to Di-isopropyl Ether Unit

The product values in Tables XXVIII-XXXVI were recalculated with propylene valued at 42.7 cpg as feedstock to a diisopropyl ether unit<sup>(10)</sup> (DIPE) rather than 17.1 cpg as fuel gas. Table XXXVIII compares the product values for a complex refinery that were calculated with the propylene valued as feedstock to a DIPE unit rather than as fuel gas. The propylene value was computed using the properties<sup>(10)</sup> shown in Table XXXIX. Gasoline product values were calculated based on octane, RVP, and unit operating costs. The complete economic evaluation is shown in Appendix B.

Valuing propylene as DIPE feedstock raised the value of the FCU products by between 4% and 10.2%, depending on yield. The net product values from the HZSM-5 and beta zeolite catalysts increased by 8.4-10.2% (to \$694,000-708,000/d) vs 4-6.1% (to \$635,000-653,000/d) for the USY catalysts. The net product values from the HZSM-5 and beta zeolite catalysts were additionally increased over the Y zeolite catalyst because high yields of propylene accompanied the high yields of iso-olefins.

FIGURE 73  
ENGINE TEST RON VS CALCULATED RON FOR MIXED ETHER REACTION PRODUCTS

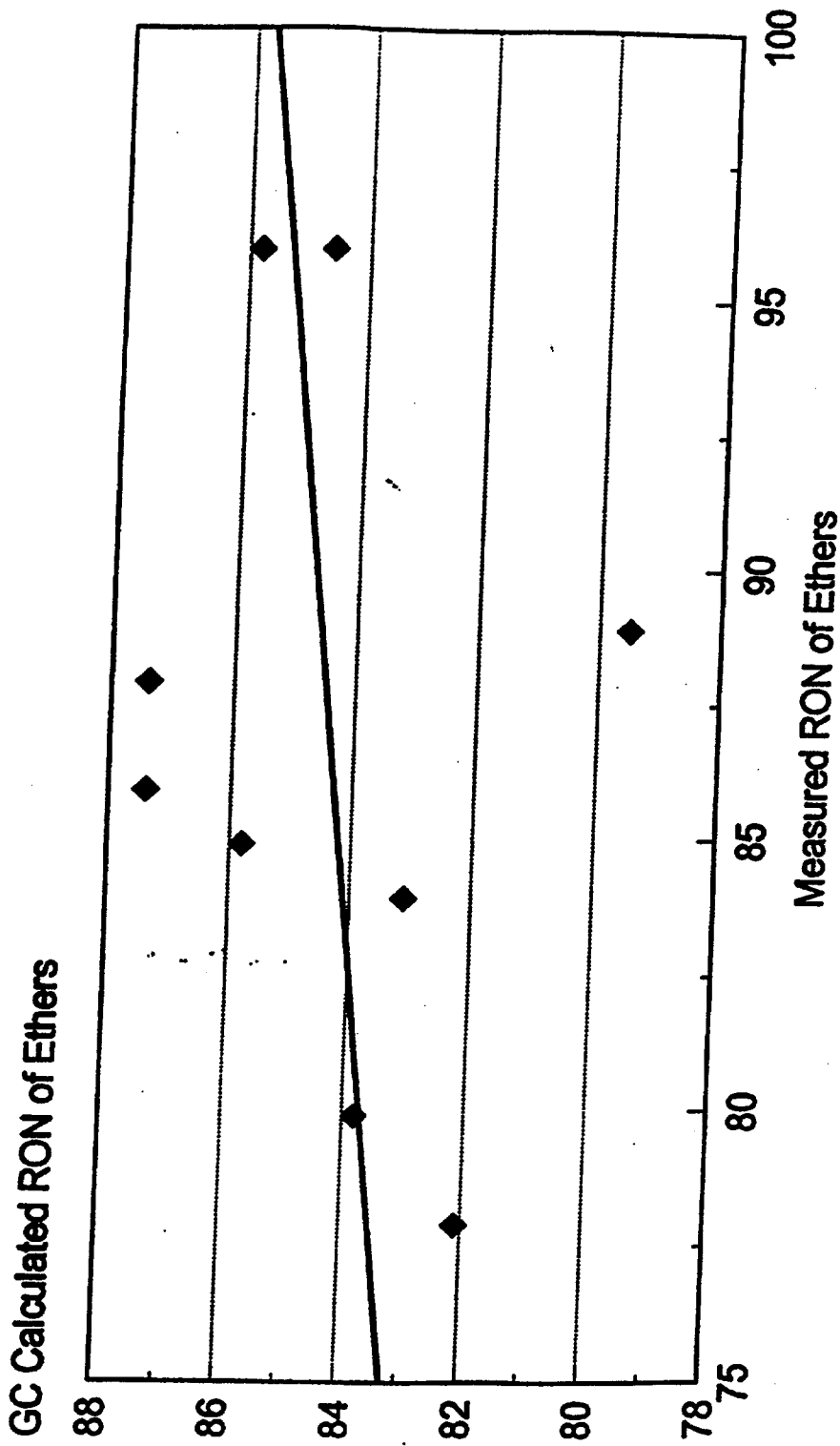




TABLE XXVII  
RON AND MON OF PRODUCTS OBTAINED FROM LIGHT NAPHTHA ETHERIFICATION RUNS

Run No.	Reaction Temp.	Catalyst	Olefins	Oxygenates	GC Calc. Research Octane Number *	Engine Test Measurements of RON and MON for Products Obtained from Light Naphtha Etherification Runs		
						Blend Value RON	Blend Value MON	Observed MON*
Feed A								
92-0490-01A								
15586-024-2	125°F	Amberlyst 15	44.507	0.071	80.92	66.9	67.3	89.4
15586-024-6	150°F	Amberlyst 15	33.762	11.406	82.09	77.9	74.3	90.5
15586-024-8	150°F	Amberlyst 15	29.671	16.294	83.76	79.9	75.3	90.7
Feed B								
93-0024-01A								
15586-031-2	150°F	Amberlyst 15	64.472	0.17	83.12	83.9	--	--
15586-033-1	150°F	Bayer K2634	41.847	21.815	87.43	87.9	78.3	91.1
15586-033-3	150°F	Bayer K2634	41.716	22.445	87.48	85.9	79.3	91.5
Feed C								
93-0024-01C								
15586-034-1	150°F	Bayer H2 K2634	45.889	17.277	85.78	84.9	74.3	91.3
15586-034-3	150°F	Bayer no H2 K2634	68.651	0.15	84.56	95.9	80.3	91.2
			35.369	17.332	79.47	88.9	81.3	92.3
			43.51	21.192	85.78	95.9	85.3	91.6
								92.3
								82.6

\*Observed Octane = (Volume Fraction Additive) (Blend Value Additive) + (Volume Fraction Unleaded Regular Gasoline) (Observed Octane Unleaded Regular Gasoline)  
 Volume fraction unleaded regular gasoline = 0.90  
 RON unleaded regular gasoline = 91.9  
 MON unleaded regular gasoline = 82.3

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4/11/94

TABLE XXVIII  
C4-C6 ISOMER DISTRIBUTION OF FCC PILOT PLANT PRODUCTS

RUN NO.	939-1	939-2	939-4	939-5	940-1	940-2	941-1	942-2
CATALYST	eq Y	eq Y	eq Y	eq Y	BETA	BETA	Y+ZSM	Y BLD
CONVERSION, WT.‡	93.5	93.7	83	85	96.6	96.5	89	90.5
COMPONENT, WT.‡								
HYDROGEN	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02
METHANE	0.36	0.33	0.18	0.14	0.1	0.07	0.09	0.16
ETHYLENE	0.48	0.42	0.26	0.21	0.66	0.5	1.01	0.34
ETHANE	0.26	0.23	0.16	0.14	0.11	0.08	0.1	0.15
PROPYLENE	9.26	8.2	7.28	6.28	13.93	13.68	16.03	8.94
PROPANE	1.86	1.67	1.07	0.9	2.11	1.81	2.47	1.25
1-BUTANE	7.93	7.23	4.15	3.4	9.04	7.66	3.4	5.02
n-BUTANE	2.08	1.84	1.21	0.99	2.58	2.09	1.92	1.3
1-BUTENE	1.47	1.32	1.4	1.22	2.22	2.24	2.2	1.41
1-BUTYLENE	5.91	5.38	6.28	5.53	10.24	10.75	10.75	6.26
t-2-BUTENE	4.19	3.74	3.69	3.19	5.65	5.44	5.33	3.72
C-2-BUTENE	3.12	2.77	2.67	2.31	4.16	3.98	3.76	2.68
1-PENTANE	8.49	8.65	3.38	3.35	5.11	3.73	2.16	3.97
n-PENTANE	1.25	1.42	0.77	0.96	1.73	1.51	1.4	0.85
3M-1-BUTENE	0.086	0.166	0.092	0.168	0.187	0.214	0.279	0.126
2M-1-BUTENE	0.993	1.47	0.936	1.516	1.68	1.77	2.3	1.13
2M-2-BUTENE	3.78	4.57	2.99	5.077	5.03	4.896	5.94	3.36
1-PENTENE	0.297	0.47	0.312	0.505	0.476	0.505	0.62	0.378
t-2-PENTENE	1.4	1.8	1.248	2.069	1.768	1.826	2.145	1.45
C-2-PENTENE	0.806	1.01	0.7166	1.203	1	1.029	1.18	0.819
2,3-DM-1-BUTENE	0.187	0.173	0.33	0.369	0.193	0.147	0.085	0.22
2M-1-PENTENE	0.48	0.525	0.7177	0.803	0.579	0.507	0.266	0.57
2M-2-PENTENE	0.812	0.919	1.287	1.419	1.065	1.078	0.682	1.136
C-3M-2-PENTENE	0.812	0.923	1.306	1.419	1.078	1.169	0.84	1.21
t-3M-2-PENTENE	0.52	0.588	0.822	0.907	0.689	0.693	0.448	0.733
C6-4300F *	34.29	35.85	39.43	41.16	23.74	27.94	22.49	41.49
430-6500F	4.97	5.12	10.08	8.95	2.72	2.96	7.47	7.47
6500F+	1.5	1.15	6.61	5.1	0.87	0.71	4.13	2.95
SUBTOTAL	97.642	97.976	99.4046	99.308	98.731	98.99	99.514	99.113
COKE	2.34	2.01	0.61	0.68	1.2	1	0.47	0.88
GRAND TOTAL	99.982	99.986	100.0146	99.988	99.931	99.99	99.984	99.993

\*C<sub>6</sub> fraction contains paraffins and non-ether-forming olefins.

TABLE XXIX

ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF FCC PILOT PLANT RUN 939-1: USY CATALYST

Fischer Tropsch Wax Economics  
 Pilot Plant Results of Wax Run Through an FCU  
 03/19/83  
 Rate Basis: 283,657 lb/hr  
 Run No. 939-1

Component	normalized wt % Yield	lb/hr	BBL/Day	Simple Configuration		Complex Configuration	
				cpq	\$/Day	cpq	\$/Day
Hydrogen	0.040	113	111	6.0	279	6.0	279
Methane	0.360	1,021	233	10.8	1,059	10.8	1,059
Ethylene	0.480	1,362	252	12.8	1,356	12.8	1,356
Ethane	0.260	738	142	12.1	721	12.1	721
Propylene	9.263	26,274	3,450	17.1	24,777	17.1	24,777
Propane	1.861	5,277	713	16.8	5,028	16.8	5,028
1-Butane	7.932	22,500	2,739	37.2	42,792	37.2	42,792
n-Butane	2.081	5,902	692	29.8	8,662	29.8	8,662
1-Butene	1.470	4,171	475	63.9	12,756	63.9	12,756
1-Butylene	5.912	16,769	1,914	63.8	51,289	63.8	51,289
1-2-Butene	4.191	11,888	1,336	64.8	36,349	64.8	36,349
c-2-Butene	3.121	8,852	968	66.6	27,065	66.6	27,065
1-Pentane	8.492	24,089	2,652	49.4	55,017	49.4	55,017
n-Pentane	1.250	3,547	385	33.8	5,469	33.8	5,469
3M-1-Butene	0.086	244	27	50.3	560	50.3	597
2M-1-Butene	0.993	2,817	294	50.3	6,216	50.3	6,216
2M-2-Butene	3.781	10,725	1,101	50.3	23,268	50.3	23,268
1-Pentene	0.297	843	89	50.3	1,889	50.3	1,889
1-2-Pentene	1.400	3,972	417	50.3	8,803	50.3	8,803
c-2-Pentene	0.806	2,287	240	50.3	5,058	50.3	5,058
2,3-dim-1-Butene	0.187	531	53	59.2	1,326	59.2	1,326
2-M-1-Pentene	0.480	1,362	137	59.2	3,395	59.2	3,395
2-M-2-Pentene	0.812	2,304	229	59.2	5,669	59.2	5,669
c-3-M-2-Pentene	0.812	2,304	227	59.2	5,634	59.2	5,634
1-3-M-2-Pentene	0.520	1,475	144	59.2	3,586	59.2	3,586
C6-430	34.299	97,292	8,416	59.7	211,018	59.7	211,018
430-650	4.971	14,102	1,019	52.1	22,296	52.1	22,296
650+	1.500	4,256	275	31.8	3,666	31.8	3,666
Sub-total	97.659	277,018	28,728		575,033		619,411
Coke	2.341	6,639					
Grand Total	100.000	283,657					
Coke Amount for Heat Balance, wt % lb/hr		5%					
		14,929					
Coke Deficit, lb/hr MMBTU/Day \$/Day		8,290 3,382 6,765					(6,765)
Net \$/Day		568,269					612,646

TABLE XXX  
 ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF FCC PILOT PLANT RUN 939-2: USY CATALYST

Component	normalized wt % Yield	lb/hr	BBL/Day	<---Simple Configuration--->		<---Complex Configuration--->	
				cpq	\$/Day	cpq	\$/Day
Hydrogen	0.040	113	111	6.0	279	6.0	279
Methane	0.330	936	214	10.8	970	10.8	970
Ethylene	0.420	1,192	221	12.8	1,187	12.8	1,187
Ethane	0.230	653	125	12.1	638	12.1	638
Propylene	8.201	23,264	3,055	17.1	21,939	17.1	21,939
Propane	1.670	4,738	640	16.8	4,514	16.8	4,514
l-Butane	7.231	20,512	2,497	37.2	39,010	37.2	39,010
n-Butane	1.840	5,220	612	29.8	7,661	29.8	7,661
1-Butene	1.320	3,745	427	63.9	11,454	63.9	11,454
1-Butylene	5.381	15,263	1,742	63.8	46,685	85.4	62,490
1-2-Butene	3.741	10,610	1,192	64.8	32,442	64.8	32,442
c-2-Butene	2.770	7,859	859	66.6	24,026	66.6	24,026
1-Pentene	8.651	24,540	2,701	49.4	56,048	49.4	56,048
n-Pentene	1.420	4,029	438	33.8	6,212	33.8	6,212
3M-1-Butene	0.166	471	51	50.3	1,081	53.6	1,151
2M-1-Butene	1.470	4,170	435	50.3	9,200	86.5	15,822
2M-2-Butene	4.571	12,965	1,331	50.3	26,127	88.0	49,209
1-Pentene	0.470	1,333	141	50.3	2,989	54.9	3,262
1-2-Pentene	1.900	5,107	536	50.3	11,317	55.5	12,487
c-2-Pentene	1.010	2,865	301	50.3	6,350	55.5	12,487
2,3-dim-1-Butene	0.173	491	49	59.2	1,227	68.6	1,421
2-M-1-Pentene	0.525	1,489	149	59.2	3,713	68.7	4,308
2-M-2-Pentene	0.919	2,607	259	59.2	6,438	69.4	7,547
c-3-M-2-Pentene	0.923	2,619	258	59.2	6,404	70.1	7,583
1-3-M-2-Pentene	0.588	1,666	163	59.2	4,054	70.5	4,828
C6-430	35.956	101,707	8,798	59.7	220,594	59.7	220,594
430-650	5.121	14,526	1,050	52.1	22,967	52.1	22,967
650+	1.150	3,263	210	31.8	2,811	31.8	2,811
Sub-total	97.990	277,955	28,565		580,334		629,666
Coke	2.010	5,702					
Grand Total	100.000	283,657					
Coke Amount for Heat Balance, wt %	5%						
lb/hr	14,929						
Coke Deficit, lb/hr	9,227						
MMBTU/Day	3,765						
\$/Day	7,529						
Net \$/Day							

TABLE XXXI  
ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF FCC PILOT PLANT RUN 939-4: USY CATALYST

Component	normalized wt % Yield	lb/hr	BBL/Day	Simple Configuration		Complex Configuration	
				cpq	\$/Day	cpq	\$/Day
Hydrogen	0.030	85	83	6.0	209	6.0	209
Methane	0.180	510	117	10.8	529	10.8	529
Ethylene	0.260	737	137	12.8	734	12.8	734
Ethane	0.160	454	87	12.1	443	12.1	443
Propylene	7.279	20,647	2,711	17.1	19,471	17.1	19,471
Propane	1.070	3,035	410	16.8	2,891	16.8	2,891
1-Butane	4.149	11,770	1,433	37.2	22,384	37.2	22,384
n-Butane	1.210	3,432	402	29.8	5,036	29.8	5,036
1-Butene	1.400	3,971	452	63.9	12,144	63.9	12,144
1-Butylene	6.279	17,811	2,033	63.8	54,476	85.4	72,920
1-2-Butene	3.689	10,465	1,176	64.8	31,997	64.8	31,997
c-2-Butene	2.670	7,572	828	66.6	23,151	66.6	23,151
1-Pentane	3.379	9,586	1,055	49.4	21,893	49.4	21,893
n-Pentane	0.770	2,184	237	33.8	3,367	33.8	3,367
3M-1-Butene	0.092	261	28	50.3	599	53.6	638
2M-1-Butene	0.936	2,655	277	50.3	5,856	86.5	10,071
2M-2-Butene	2.989	8,480	871	50.3	18,397	88.0	32,185
1-Pentene	0.312	885	94	50.3	1,983	54.9	2,165
1-2-Pentene	1.248	3,539	371	50.3	7,844	55.5	8,655
c-2-Pentene	0.716	2,032	213	50.3	4,504	55.5	4,970
2,3-dim-1-Butene	0.330	936	94	59.2	2,339	68.6	2,710
2-M-1-Pentene	0.718	2,035	204	59.2	5,074	69.4	5,868
2-M-2-Pentene	1.287	3,650	362	59.2	9,013	69.4	10,568
c-3-M-2-Pentene	1.306	3,704	364	59.2	9,058	70.1	10,725
1-3-M-2-Pentene	0.822	2,331	228	59.2	5,666	70.5	6,747
C6-430	39.423	111,827	9,673	59.7	242,542	59.7	242,542
430-650	10.078	28,588	2,066	52.1	45,201	52.1	45,201
650+	6.609	18,746	1,209	31.8	16,149	31.8	16,149
Sub-total	99.390	281,927	27,216		572,952		616,383
Coke	0.610	1,730					
Grand Total	100.000	283,657					
Coke Amount for Heat Balance, wt %		5%					
Heat Balance, wt %		14,929					
Coke Deficit, lb/hr		13,199					
MMBTU/Day		5,385					
\$/Day		10,771					
Net \$/Day							

TABLE XXXVII  
 ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF FCC PILOT PLANT RUN 939-5: USY CATALYST

Fischer Tropesch Wax Economics  
 Pilot Plant Results of Wax Run Through an FCU  
 03/19/93

Rate Basis: 283,657 lb/11h  
 Run No. 939-5

Component	normalized wt % Yield	lb/hr	BBL/Day	Simple Configuration		Complex Configuration	
				cpg	\$/Day	cpg	\$/Day
Hydrogen	0.020	57	55	2	140	2	140
Methane	0.140	397	91	10.8	412	2	412
Ethylene	0.210	596	110	12.8	593	2	593
Ethane	0.140	397	76	12.1	388	2	388
Propylene	6.281	17,816	2,339	17.1	16,802	2	16,802
Propane	0.900	2,553	345	16.8	2,432	2	2,432
1-Butane	3.401	9,646	1,174	37.2	18,345	2	18,345
n-Butane	0.990	2,809	329	29.8	4,122	3	4,122
1-Butene	1.220	3,461	394	63.9	10,586	5	10,586
1-Butylene	5.531	15,689	1,791	63.8	47,986	3	47,986
1-2-Butene	3.190	9,050	1,017	64.8	27,671	3	27,671
c-2-Butene	2.310	6,553	716	66.6	20,036	3	20,036
1-Pentene	3.351	9,504	1,046	49.4	21,706	5	21,706
n-Pentene	0.960	2,724	296	33.8	4,199	5	4,199
3M-1-Butene	0.168	477	52	50.3	1,094	5	1,094
2M-1-Butene	1.516	4,301	449	50.3	9,488	5	9,488
2M-2-Butene	5.078	14,403	1,479	50.3	31,247	5	31,247
1-Pentene	0.505	1,433	152	50.3	3,211	5	3,211
1-2-Pentene	2.069	5,870	616	50.3	13,008	5	13,008
c-2-Pentene	1.203	3,413	358	59.2	7,564	5	7,564
2,3-dim-1-Butene	0.369	1,047	105	59.2	2,616	5	2,616
2-M-1-Pentene	0.803	2,278	228	59.2	5,678	5	5,678
2-M-2-Pentene	1.419	4,026	400	59.2	9,940	5	9,940
c-3-M-2-Pentene	1.419	4,026	396	59.2	9,845	5	9,845
1-3-M-2-Pentene	0.907	2,573	252	59.2	6,254	5	6,254
C6-430	41.166	116,771	10,101	59.7	253,266	5	253,266
430-650	8.951	25,391	1,835	52.1	40,147	6	40,147
650+	5.101	14,469	933	31.8	12,464	7	12,464
Sub-total	99.320	281,728	27,136		581,240		636,272
Coke	0.680	1,929					
Grand Total	100.000	283,657					
Coke Amount for Heat Balance, wt % lb/hr		5% 14,929					
Coke Deficit, lb/hr MMBTU/Day \$/Day		13,000 5,304 10,608					(10,608)
Net \$/Day					570,631		625,664







TABLE XXXV

ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF FCC PILOT PLANT RUN 941-1:  
BLEND 25% STEAMED HZSM-5 WITH USY CATALYST

Fischer Tropesch Wax Economics Rate Basis: 283,657 lb/yr  
Pilot Plant Results of Wax Run Through an FCU Run No. 941-1  
03/19/93

Component	normalized wt % Yield	lb/yr	BBL/Day	Simple Configuration----->		Complex Configuration----->	
				cpg	\$/Day	cpg	\$/Day
Hydrogen	0.020	57	55	6.0	140	2	140
Methane	0.090	255	58	10.8	265	2	265
Ethylene	1.010	2,865	631	12.8	2,854	2	2,854
Ethane	0.100	284	55	12.1	277	2	277
Propylene	16.032	45,477	5,971	17.1	42,887	2	42,887
Propane	2.470	7,007	946	16.8	6,676	2	6,676
1-Butane	3.401	9,646	1,174	37.2	18,345	2	18,345
n-Butane	1.920	5,447	639	29.8	7,994	3	7,994
1-Butene	2.200	6,241	711	63.9	19,089	5	19,089
1-Butylene	10.752	30,498	3,481	63.8	93,282	3	93,282
c-2-Butene	5.331	15,121	1,699	64.8	46,233	3	46,233
c-2-Butane	3.761	10,567	1,166	66.6	32,613	3	32,613
1-Pentane	2.160	6,128	675	49.4	13,996	5	13,996
n-Pentane	1.400	3,972	431	33.8	6,124	5	6,124
3M-1-Butene	0.279	792	86	50.3	1,816	5	1,935
2M-1-Butene	2.300	6,525	691	50.3	14,395	5	14,395
2M-2-Butene	5.941	16,852	1,731	50.3	36,559	5	36,559
1-Pentene	0.620	1,759	187	50.3	3,942	5	3,942
1-2-Pentene	2.145	6,065	638	50.3	13,486	5	13,486
c-2-Pentene	1.180	3,348	351	50.3	7,419	5	7,419
2-3-dM-1-Butene	0.085	241	24	59.2	603	5	603
2-M-1-Pentene	0.266	755	76	59.2	1,881	5	1,881
2-M-2-Pentene	0.682	1,935	192	59.2	4,778	5	4,778
c-3-M-2-Pentene	0.840	2,383	234	59.2	5,828	5	5,828
1-3-M-2-Pentene	0.448	1,271	124	59.2	3,089	5	3,089
C6-430	22.493	63,804	5,519	59.7	138,385	5	138,385
430-650	7.471	21,192	1,531	52.1	33,508	6	33,508
650+	4.131	11,717	756	31.8	10,093	7	10,093
Sub-total	99.530	282,324	29,723		566,555		641,421
Coke	0.470	1,333					
Grand Total	100.000	283,657					
Coke Amount for Heat Balance, wt % lb/yr	5%	14,929					
Coke Deficit, lb/yr MMBTU/Day \$/Day	13,596	5,547					(11,094)
Net \$/Day		11,094					630,327

TABLE XXXVI

ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF FCC PILOT PLANT RUN 942-2:  
BLEND 50% USY WITH DILUENT CATALYST

Fischer Tropesch Wax Economics  
Pilot Plant Results of Wax Run Through an FCU  
03/19/93

Rate Basis: 283,657 lb/hr  
Run No. 942-2

Component	normalized wt % Yield	lb/hr	BBL/Day	Simple Configuration----->			Complex Configuration----->				
				cpq	\$/Day	Valued as	cpq	\$/Day	Valued as		
Hydrogen	0.020	57	55	6.0	140	Fuel Gas	2	6.0	140	Fuel Gas	2
Methane	0.160	454	104	10.8	471	Fuel Gas	2	10.8	471	Fuel Gas	2
Ethylene	0.340	965	179	12.8	961	Fuel Gas	2	12.8	961	Fuel Gas	2
Ethane	0.150	426	82	12.1	416	Fuel Gas	2	12.1	416	Fuel Gas	2
Propylene	8.941	25,361	3,330	17.1	23,916	Fuel Gas	2	17.1	23,916	Fuel Gas	2
Propane	1.250	3,546	479	16.8	3,378	Fuel Gas	2	16.8	3,378	Fuel Gas	2
1-Butane	5.020	14,241	1,733	37.2	27,084	Alkylaton	3	37.2	27,084	Alkylaton	3
n-Butane	1.300	3,688	432	29.8	5,412	Gasoline	5	29.8	5,412	Gasoline	5
1-Butene	1.410	4,000	456	63.9	12,233	Alkylaton	3	63.9	12,233	Alkylaton	3
1-Butylene	6.261	17,758	2,027	63.8	54,316	Alkylaton	3	85.4	72,706	Ether Unit	4
1-2-Butene	3.720	10,553	1,186	64.8	32,266	Alkylaton	3	64.8	32,266	Alkylaton	3
c-2-Butene	2.680	7,603	831	66.6	23,244	Alkylaton	3	66.6	23,244	Alkylaton	3
1-Pentane	3.970	11,262	1,240	49.4	25,722	Gasoline	5	49.4	25,722	Gasoline	5
n-Pentane	0.850	2,411	262	33.8	3,718	Gasoline	5	33.8	3,718	Gasoline	5
3M-1-Butene	0.126	357	39	50.3	620	Gasoline	5	53.6	874	Alkylaton	3
2M-1-Butene	1.130	3,206	335	50.3	7,072	Gasoline	5	86.5	12,161	Ether Unit	4
2M-2-Butene	3.360	9,532	979	50.3	20,678	Gasoline	5	88.0	36,177	Ether Unit	4
1-Pentene	0.378	1,072	114	50.3	2,403	Gasoline	5	54.9	2,623	Alkylaton	3
1-2-Pentene	1.450	4,113	432	50.3	9,116	Gasoline	5	55.5	10,058	Alkylaton	3
c-2-Pentene	0.819	2,323	244	50.3	5,149	Gasoline	5	55.5	5,681	Alkylaton	3
2,3-dim-1-Butene	0.220	624	63	59.2	1,560	Gasoline	5	68.6	1,807	Ether Unit	4
2-M-1-Pentene	0.570	1,617	162	59.2	4,031	Gasoline	5	66.7	4,677	Ether Unit	4
2-M-2-Pentene	1.136	3,223	320	59.2	7,957	Gasoline	5	69.4	9,328	Ether Unit	4
c-3-M-2-Pentene	1.210	3,433	338	59.2	8,394	Gasoline	5	70.1	9,940	Ether Unit	4
1-3-M-2-Pentene	0.733	2,079	203	59.2	5,054	Gasoline	5	70.5	6,018	Ether Unit	4
C6-430	41.493	117,699	10,181	59.7	255,278	Gasoline	5	59.7	255,278	Gasoline	5
430-650	7.471	21,191	1,531	52.1	33,506	Diesel	6	52.1	33,506	Diesel	6
650+	2.950	8,369	540	31.8	7,209	No 6 FO	7	31.8	7,209	No 6 FO	7
Sub-total	99.120	281,161	27,874		581,503				627,004		
Coke	0.680	2,496									
Grand Total	100.000	283,657									
Coke Amount for Heat Balance, wt % lb/hr		5%	14,929								
Coke Defect, lb/hr MMBTU/Day \$/Day		12,433 5,073 10,145							(10,145)		
Net \$/Day					571,358						616,859

TABLE XXXVII

**SUMMARY OF NET PRODUCT VALUES FOR FCC PILOT PLANT RUNS  
WITH PROPYLENE VALUED AS FEEDSTOCK TO A DIISOPROPYL ETHER UNIT**

Run Number	<-----Net \$/Day----->		Percent Increase
	Propylene valued as fuel	Propylene valued as DIPE feedstock	
939-1	612,646	649,740	6.1%
939-2	622,337	655,180	5.3%
939-4	605,612	634,761	4.8%
939-5	625,664	650,817	4.0%
940-1	646,035	701,856	8.6%
940-2	653,299	708,086	8.4%
941-1	630,327	694,532	10.2%
942-2	616,859	652,663	5.8%

TABLE XXXVIII

SUMMARY OF NET PRODUCT VALUES FOR FCC PILOT PLANT RUNS

Run Number	Catalyst	Net Product Value, \$/D		
		Simple Refinery	Complex Refinery	(Complex-Simple)
939-1	Eq. USY	568,269	612,646	44,377
939-2	Eq. USY	572,805	622,337	49,532
939-4	Eq. USY	562,181	605,612	43,431
939-5	Stmd Eq. USY	570,631	625,664	55,033
940-1	Stmd Beta	578,548	646,035	67,487
940-2	Stmd Beta	584,479	653,299	68,820
941-1	75% Stmd Eq USY; 25% Stmd HZSM-5	555,461	630,327	74,866
942-2	50% Eq USY; 50% Diluent	571,358	616,859	45,501

MSS/ml/94156  
4/11/94